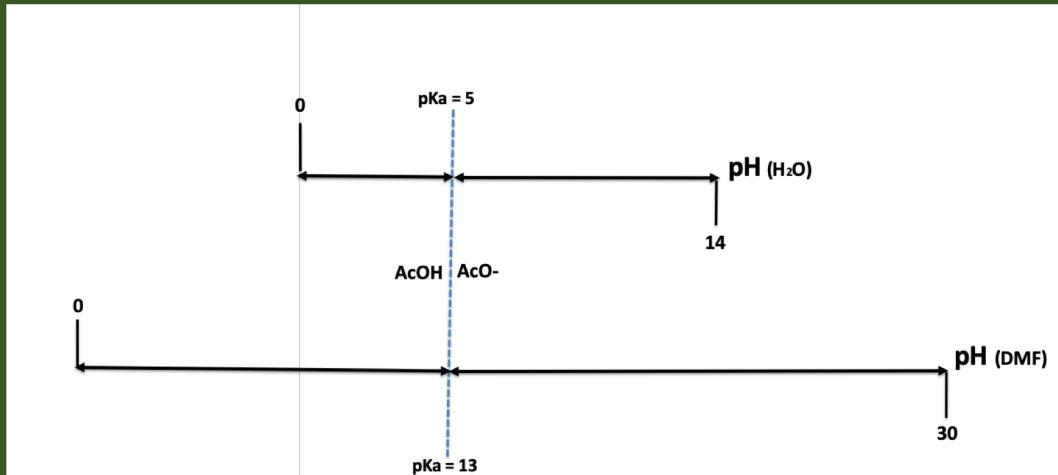
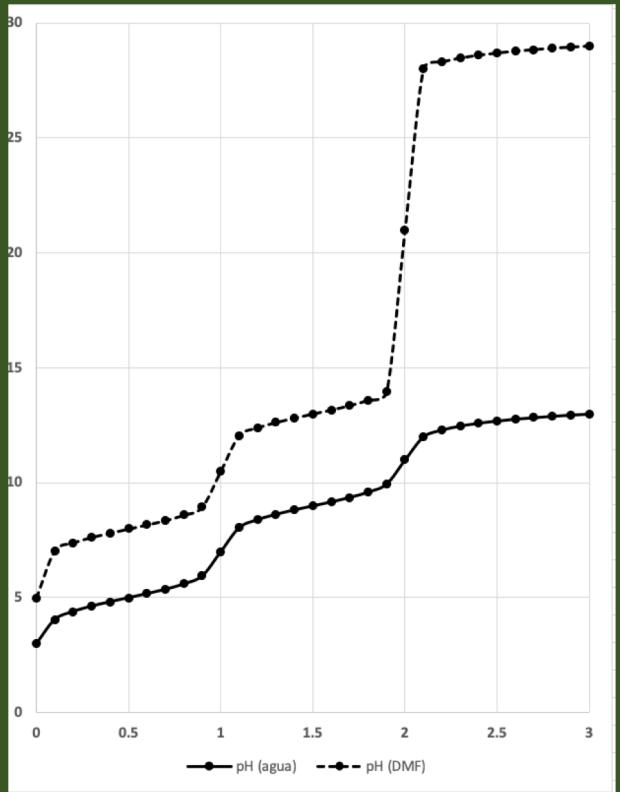


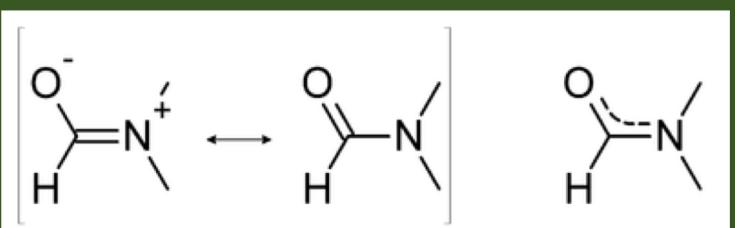
QA III

Acidez-disolventes no acuosos



Dr. Alejandro Baeza

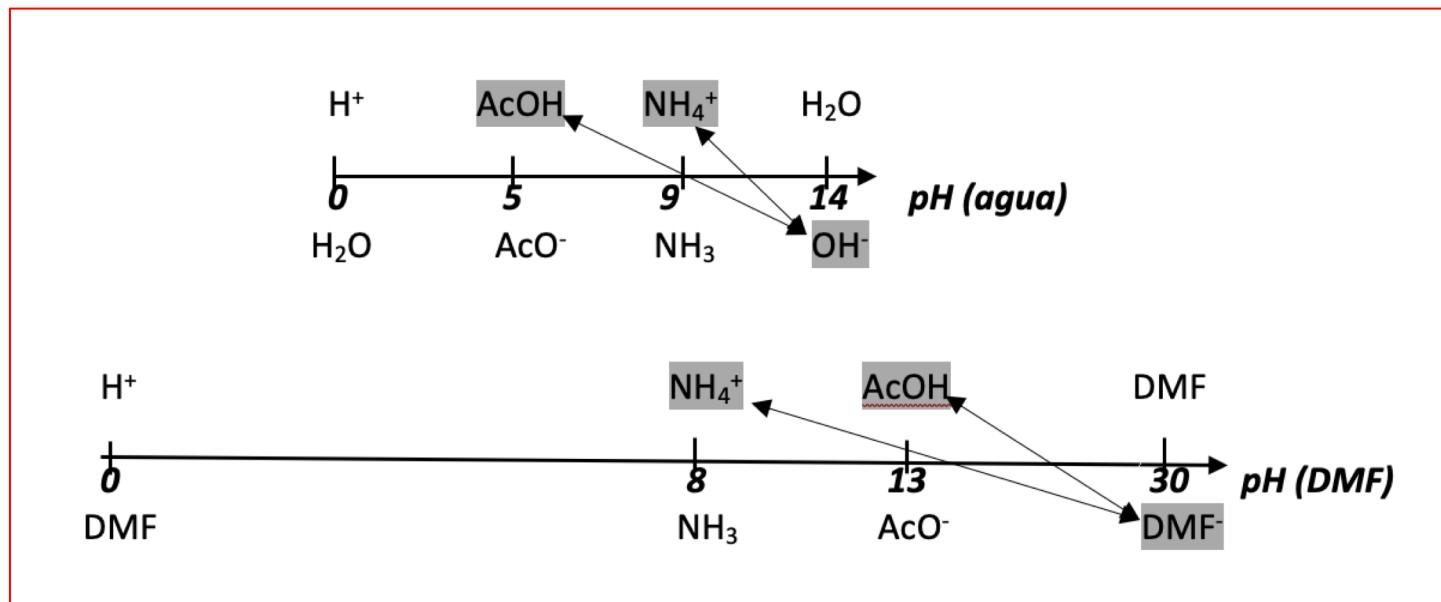
Titulación de acético con amoniaco
en DMF



Data: H_2O , DMF: $2\text{HD} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{D}^+ + \text{D}^-$, $K_{\text{HD}} = [\text{H}_2\text{D}^+][\text{D}^-]$.

DS	ϵ	pK_{HD}	(pK_a) acetico	(pK_a) amonio	$C_0[\text{mol/L}]$
H_2O	80	14	5	9	0.1
DMF	40	30	13	8	0.1

Escalas de reactividad:



Polinomios reducidos:

$$f = 0$$

$$pH = \frac{1}{2} pK_a_{1ro} - \frac{1}{2} \log Co$$

$$0 < f < 1$$

$$pH = pK_a_{1ro} + \log \frac{f}{1-f}$$

$$f = 1; f' = 0$$

$$pH = \frac{1}{2} (pK_a_{1ro} + pK_a_{2do})$$

$$0 < f' < 1$$

$$pH = pK_a_{2do} + \log \frac{f'}{1-f'}$$

$$f = 2; f' = 1$$

$$pH = \frac{1}{2} pK_{HD} + \frac{1}{2} pK_a_{2do} + \frac{1}{2} \log Co$$

$$f > 2; f' > 1$$

$$pH = pK_{HD} + \log Co[(f' - 1)]$$

Curvas teóricas de titulación volumétrica en agua y en dimetilformamida

