

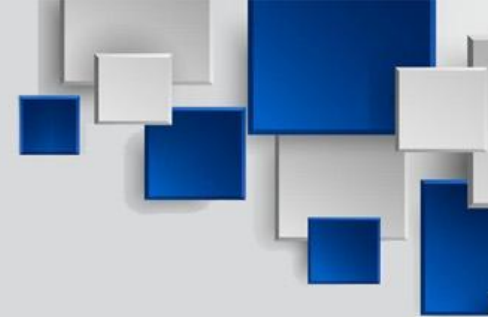
# Solidificación de aleaciones de aluminio y diagramas de fase



0185 Metalurgia de aleaciones coladas base  
aluminio

Dr. Luis Enrique Jardón Pérez  
Departamento de Metalurgia  
Facultad de Química, UNAM





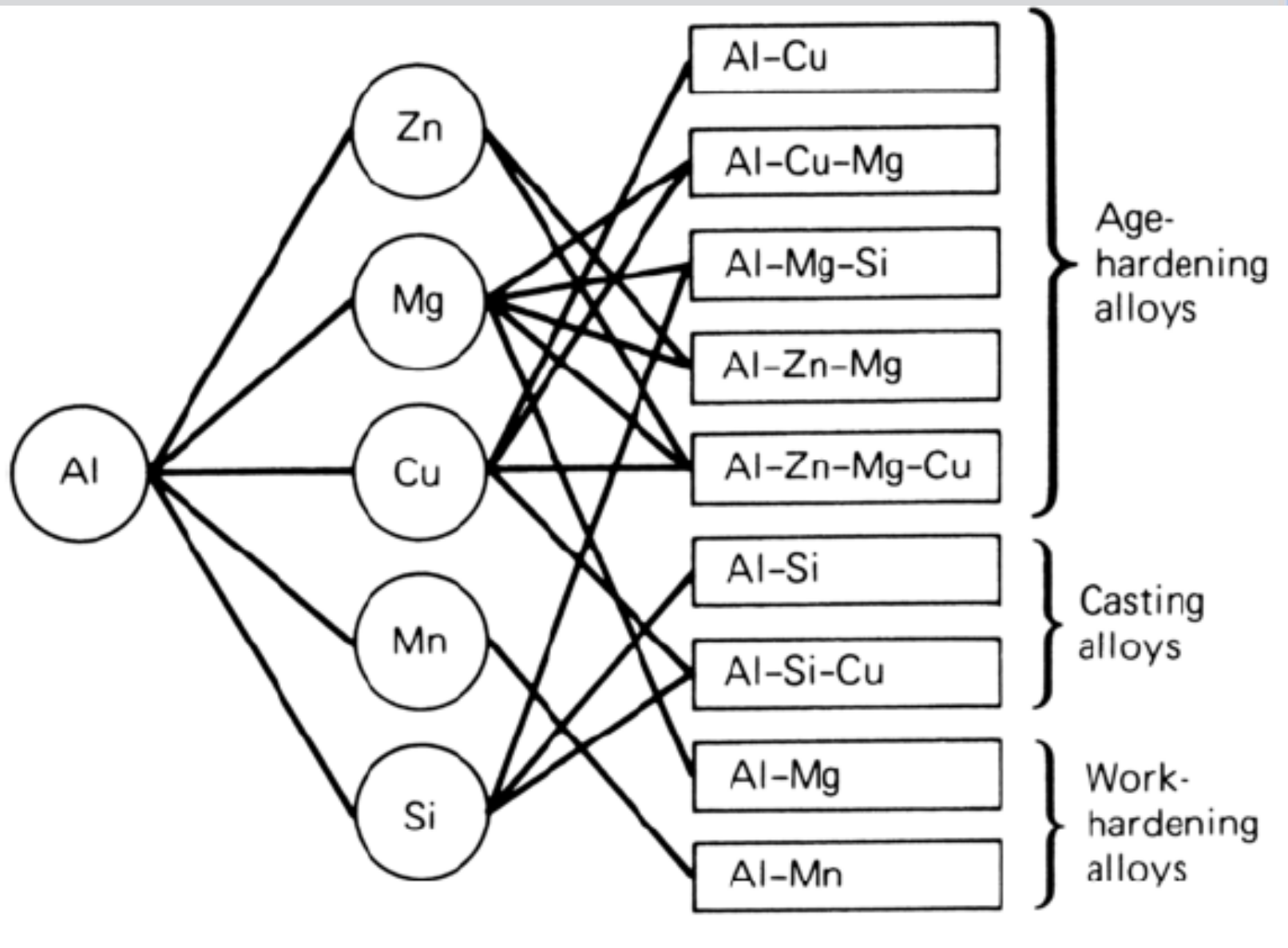
### Aluminum Wrought Alloys (AWA)

Principal elemento de aleación	Serie
Aluminio con mínimo 99.00% de pureza	1XXX
Cobre	2XXX
Manganeso	3XXX
Silicio	4XXX
Magnesio	5XXX
Magnesio y Silicio	6XXX
Zinc	7XXX
Otros elementos	8XXX
En desuso	9XXX

### Aluminum Cast Alloys (ACA)

Principal elemento de aleación	Serie
Aluminio con mínimo 99.00% de pureza	1XX.X
Cobre	2XX.X
Silicio con Cu y/o Mg	3XX.X
Silicio	4XX.X
Magnesio	5XX.X
En desuso	6XX.X
Zinc	7XX.X
Estaño	8XX.X
Otros elementos	9XX.X





## Aluminum Wrought Alloys (AWA)

Alloy group	Nominal chemical composition <sup>(a)</sup> , wt%										
	Mg	Si	Ti	Cr	Mn	Fe	Ni	Cu	Zn	Zr	Other
<b>Wrought alloys</b>											
1xxx (Al > 99.00%)	0.006–0.25	0.006–0.7	0.002–0.06	0.01–0.03	0.002–0.05	0.006–0.6	...	0.006–0.35	0.006–0.05	...	...
2xxx (Cu)	0.02–0.8	0.10–1.3	0.02–0.3	0.05–0.2	0.05–1.3	0.12–1.3	0.05–2.3	0.8–6.8	0.10–0.80	0.05–0.5	...
3xxx (Mn)	0.05–1.3	0.3–1.8	0.05–0.10	0.05–0.40	0.05–1.8	0.1–1.0	0.05	0.05–0.50	0.05–1.0	0.1–0.5	...
4xxx (Si)	0.05–2.0	0.8–13.5	0.04–0.30	0.05–0.25	0.03–1.5	0.20–1.0	0.15–1.3	0.05–1.5	0.05–0.25	...	...
5xxx (Mg)	0.2–5.6	0.08–0.7	0.05–0.20	0.05–0.35	0.03–1.4	0.10–0.7	0.03–0.05	0.03–0.35	0.05–2.8	...	...
6xxx (Mg + Si)	0.05–1.5	0.20–1.8	0.08–0.20	0.03–0.035	0.03–1.0	0.08–1.0	0.2	0.10–1.2	0.05–2.4	0.05–0.20	...
7xxx (Zn)	0.10–3.7	0.10–0.50	0.03–0.15	0.04–0.35	0.02–1.5	0.10–0.70	0.10	0.05–2.6	0.8–8.7	0.05–0.18	...
8xxx (other element)	0.02–1.4	0.10–1.0	0.08–0.2	0.01–0.2	0.02–1.0	0.10–2.0	0.2–1.3	0.03–2.2	0.03–1.8	0.04–0.16	Li, B, Sn, Ga

## Aluminum Cast Alloys (ACA)

Cast alloys											
1xx.x (Al > 99.00%)	...	0.10– 0.15	0.15– 0.35	...	...	0.25– 0.8	...	0.05– 0.10	0.05	...	...
2xx.x (Cu)	0.03– 2.3	0.05– 3.5	0.06– 0.35	0.15– 0.40	0.05– 0.7	0.04– 1.5	0.03– 2.3	3.5– 10.7	0.05– 2.5	...	...
3xx.x (Si + Cu/Mg)	0.03– 1.5	4.5– 23.0	0.04– 0.25	0.05– 0.35	0.03– 0.8	0.06– 1.5	0.10– 3.0	0.03– 5.0	0.03– 4.5	...	...
4xx.x (Si)	0.05– 0.10	3.3–13	0.20– 0.25	0.25	0.05– 0.5	0.12– 1.3	0.05– 0.5	0.05– 1.0	0.05– 0.5	...	...
5xx.x (Mg)	1.4– 10.6	0.10– 2.2	0.10– 0.25	0.25	0.05– 0.6	0.10– 1.3	0.05– 0.4	0.05– 0.30	0.05– 0.20	...	...
7xx.x (Zn)	0.2– 2.4	0.10– 0.30	0.10– 0.25	0.06– 0.6	0.05– 0.6	0.10– 1.4	0.15	0.1– 1.0	2.0– 7.8	...	...
8xx.x (Sn)	0.1– 0.9	0.4– 6.5	0.2	...	0.1– 0.5	0.5– 0.7	0.3– 1.5	0.7– 4.0	Sn, 5.5– 7.0	...	...

## Aluminum Wrought Alloys (AWA)

Alloy	Phase constituents <sup>(a)</sup>	
	Rough state	Treated state
Wrought alloys		
1xxx (Al > 99.00%), Al-Fe-Si, Al-Cu	Al <sub>3</sub> Fe, $\alpha$ -Al(FeSi)	Al <sub>6</sub> Mn, $\alpha$ -Al(FeSi)
2xxx (Cu), Al-Si-Cu-Mn-Mg, Al-Si-Cu-Mn, Al-Cu-Mg, Al-Cu-Mg-Ni, Al-Cu-Mn-Ti-V-Zr, Al-Cu-Mg-Ni-Fe-Ti	Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Al <sub>20</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mn <sub>3</sub> , $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi), Al <sub>3</sub> FeMn, Al <sub>6</sub> MnFe, Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>5</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mg <sub>8</sub> Si <sub>6</sub>	Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Al <sub>20</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mn <sub>3</sub> , $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi), Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, Al <sub>12</sub> Mn <sub>3</sub> Si
3xxx (Mn), Al-Cu-Mn, Al-Fe-Si-Mg-Mn, Al-Si-Mn-Fe	$\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi), Al <sub>6</sub> MnFe	$\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi), Al <sub>6</sub> MnFe
4xxx (Si)	$\beta$ -AlFeSi	...
5xxx (Mg), Al-Mn-Mg-Cr, Al-Mn-Mg-Cr, Al-Mn-Mg, Al-Mg	Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>18</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> , Al <sub>6</sub> Mn	Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>3</sub> Ni
6xxx (Mg, Si), Al-Si-Cu-Mg-Cr, Al-Si-Mg, Al-Si-Mg-Cr, Al-Si-Mn-Mg	$\beta$ -AlFeSi, Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, $\alpha$ -Al(FeSi)	Mg <sub>2</sub> Si
7xxx (Zn), Al-Mn-Mg-Zn-Zr, Al-Mn-Mg-Cr-Zn, Al-Zn, Al-Cu-Mg-Cr-Zn, Al-Cu-Mn-Mg-Cr-Zn, Al-Cu-Mg-Cr-Zn	$\alpha$ -Al(FeCrSi), Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMgZn	Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, $\alpha$ -Al(FeCrSi), Al <sub>18</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub>
8xxx (other element), Al-Li-Mg-Cu	...	...

(a)  $\alpha$ -Al(other) = solid solution.

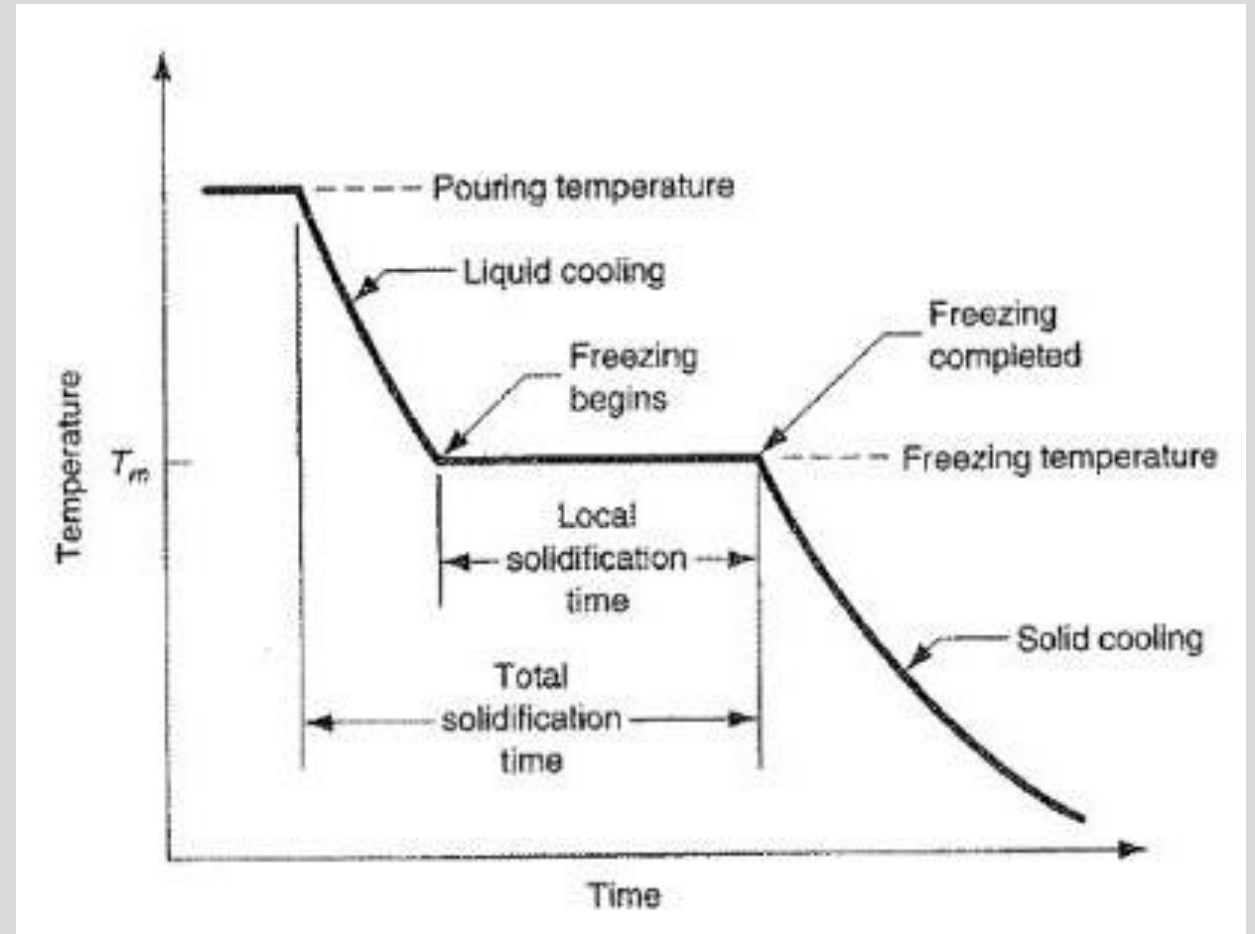
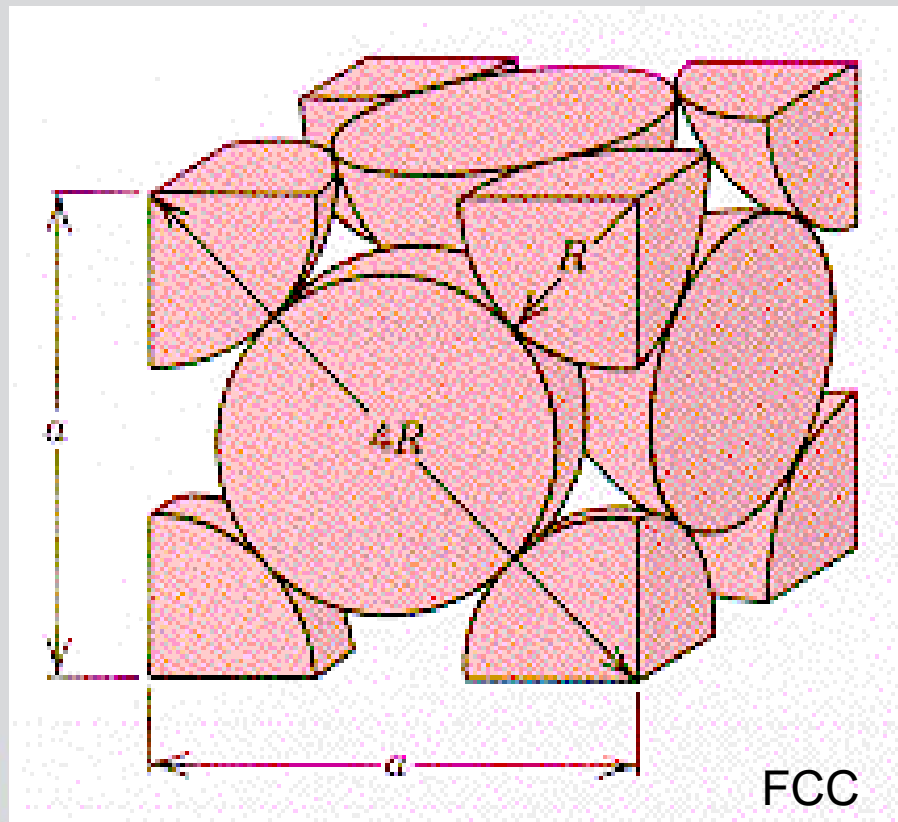
## Aluminum Cast Alloys (ACA)

Cast alloys		
1xx.x (Al > 99.00%), 7xxx(Zn)	Si, $\beta$ -AlFeSi, $\alpha$ -Al(FeSi)	...
2xx.x (Cu), Al-Cu-Mg, Al-Cu-Mn, Al-Cu-Si-Mg, Al-Cu-Mn-Mg-Ni, Al-Cu-Mg-Ni, Al-Cu-Si	Si, Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, Al <sub>5</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mg <sub>8</sub> Si <sub>6</sub> , $\beta$ -AlFeSi  $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi), Al <sub>6</sub> Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni, AlCuFeNi,	Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Al <sub>20</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mn <sub>3</sub> , Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, AlCuFeNi, Al <sub>6</sub> Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni, Al <sub>3</sub> Ni
3xx.x (Si + Cu/Mg), Al-Cu-Si, Al-Si-Cu-Mg-Ni, Al-Si-Cu-Mg, Al-Si-Mg, Al-Si-Mg-Fe, Al-Si-Mg-Ti, Al-Si-Mn-Mg-Cu	Si, Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, Al <sub>5</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mg <sub>8</sub> Si <sub>6</sub> , $\beta$ -AlFeSi  $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi), Al <sub>6</sub> Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni, Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>3</sub> Ni, Al <sub>9</sub> NiFe, Al <sub>8</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> FeSi <sub>2</sub>	Si, Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, Al <sub>2</sub> CuMg, Al <sub>7</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Fe, AlCuFeNi, Al <sub>6</sub> Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni, Al <sub>20</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mn <sub>3</sub> , Al <sub>3</sub> Ni, Al <sub>8</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> FeSi <sub>2</sub> , Al <sub>5</sub> Cu <sub>2</sub> Mg <sub>8</sub> Si <sub>6</sub> , $\beta$ -AlFeSi,  $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi)
4xx.x (Si), Al-Si, Al-Si-Cu, Al-Si-Fe	Si, Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, $\beta$ -AlFeSi, $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi)	Si, Al <sub>2</sub> Cu, $\beta$ -AlFeSi, $\alpha$ -Al(FeMnSi)
5xx.x (Mg), Al-Mg	Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>6</sub> (FeMn), Al <sub>3</sub> Mg <sub>2</sub> , Al <sub>18</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub>	Mg <sub>2</sub> Si, Al <sub>6</sub> (FeMn), Al <sub>3</sub> Mg <sub>2</sub> , Al <sub>18</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub>
7xx.x (Zn)	Al <sub>18</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> , Al <sub>3</sub> Fe, Al <sub>7</sub> FeCr, MgZn <sub>2</sub>	...
8xx.x (Sn)	Si, Sn, Cu <sub>6</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub> , Al <sub>3</sub> Ni	Si, Sn, Cu <sub>6</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub> , Al <sub>3</sub> Ni, Al <sub>6</sub> Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni

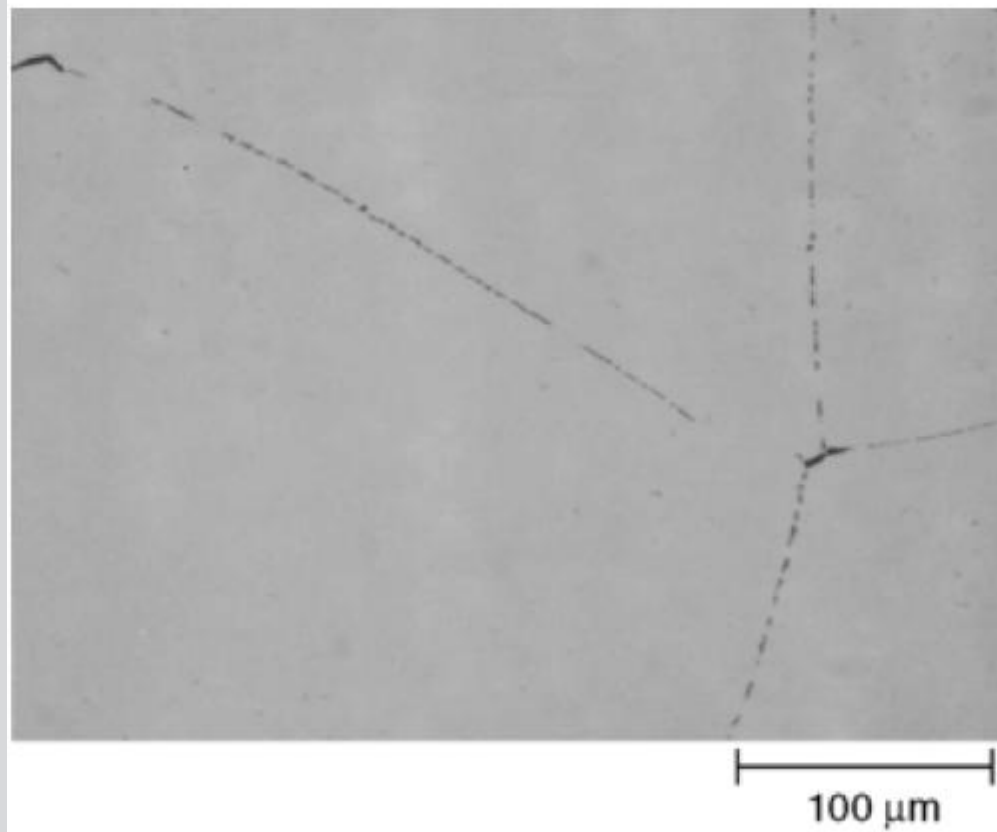
(a)  $\alpha$ -Al(other) = solid solution.

Al puro  
1XX.X  
1XXX

La temperatura de fusión del Al puro es  
660°C aproximadamente

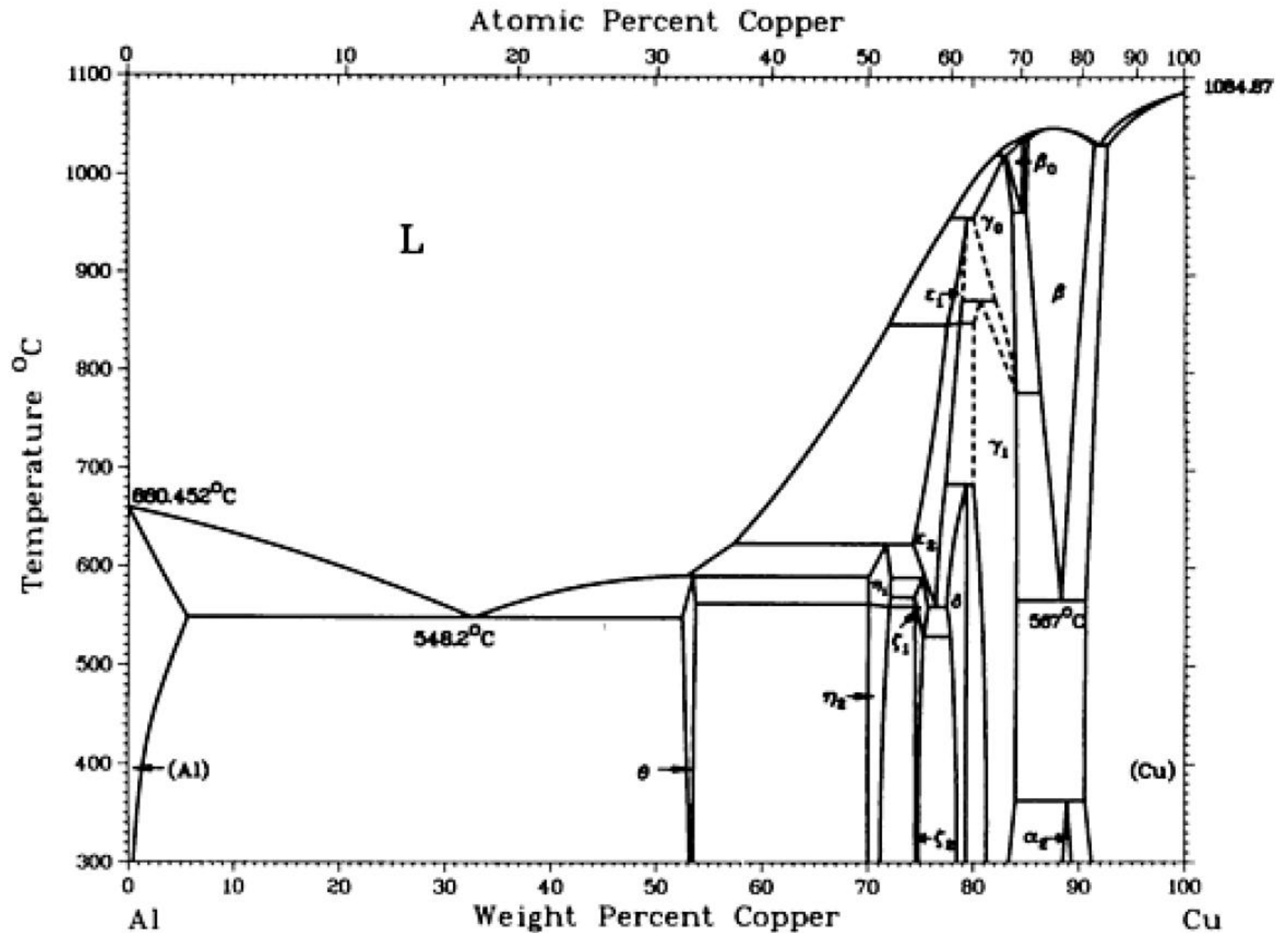


Al puro  
1XX.X  
1XXX



**Fig. 4 Monophasic structure of etched commercially pure aluminum (1xx.x) at 200× magnification. HF**

Al – Cu  
2XX.X  
2XXX



# Al – Cu

## 2XX.X

## 2XXX

Al-Cu crystallographic data

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 5.65	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
$\theta$	52.5 to 53.7	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
$\eta_1$	70.0 to 72.2	<i>oP16</i> or <i>oC16</i>	<i>Pban</i> or <i>Cmmm</i>

$\eta_2$	70.0 to 72.1	<i>mC20</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
$\zeta_1$	74.4 to 77.8	<i>hP42</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
$\zeta_2$	74.4 to 75.2	(a)	...
$\varepsilon_1$	77.5 to 79.4	(b)	...
$\varepsilon_2$	72.2 to 78.7	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6<math>_3</math>/mmc</i>
$\delta$	77.4 to 78.3	(c)	<i>R<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
$\gamma_0$	77.8 to 84	(d)	...
$\gamma_1$	79.7 to 84	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P<math>\bar{4}3m</math></i>
$\beta_0$	83.1 to 84.7	(d)	...
$\beta$	85.0 to 91.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
$\alpha_2$	88.5 to 89	(e)	...
(Cu)	90.6 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>

Metastable phases

$\theta'$	...	<i>tP6</i>	...
$\beta'$	...	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
$\text{Al}_3\text{Cu}_2$	61 to 70	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P<math>\bar{3}m1</math></i>

(a) Monoclinic?

(d) Unknown.

(b) Cubic?

(e)  $D0_{22}$ -type long-period superlattice

(c) Rhombohedral.

Al – Cu  
2XX.X  
2XXX

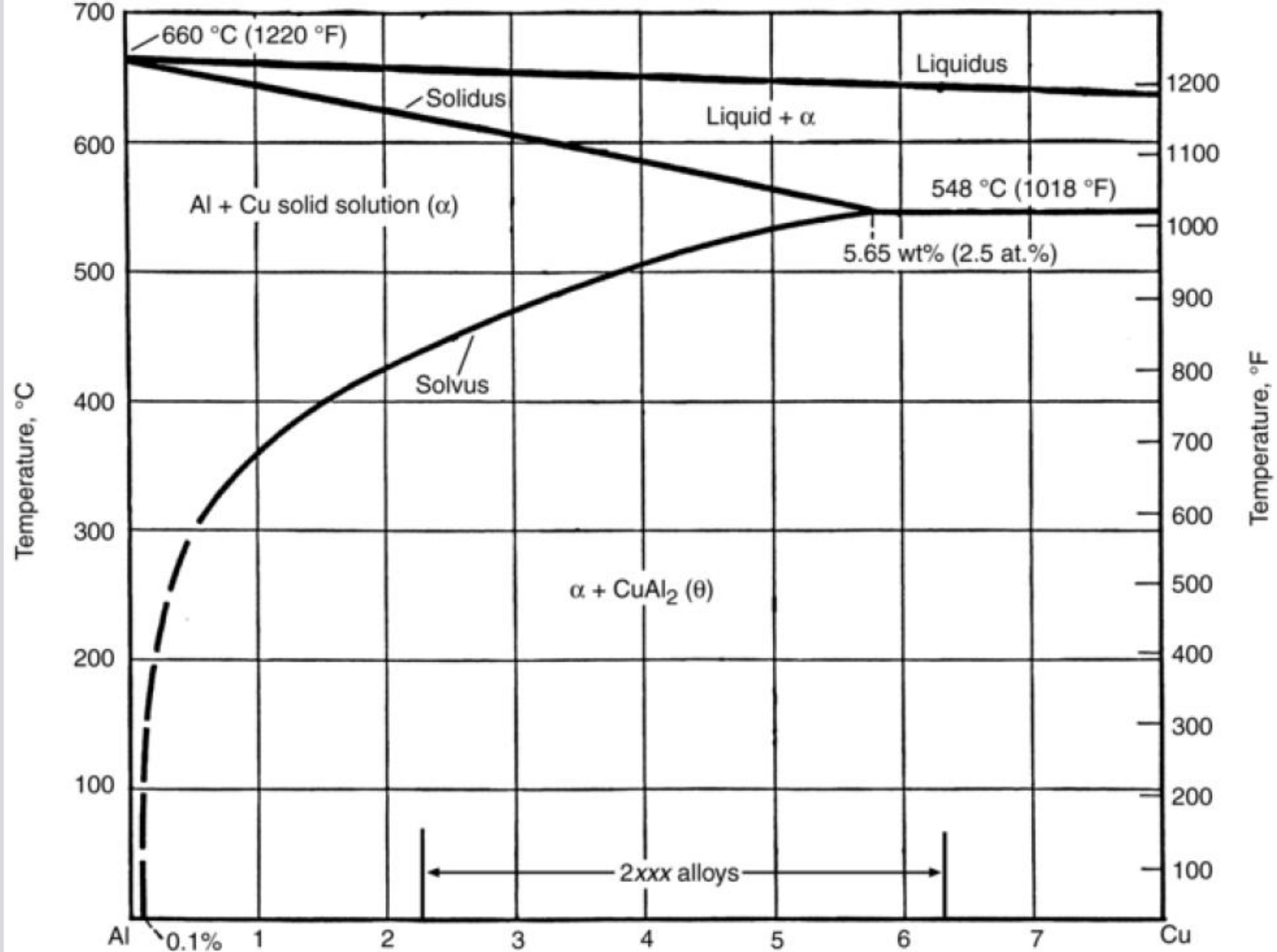
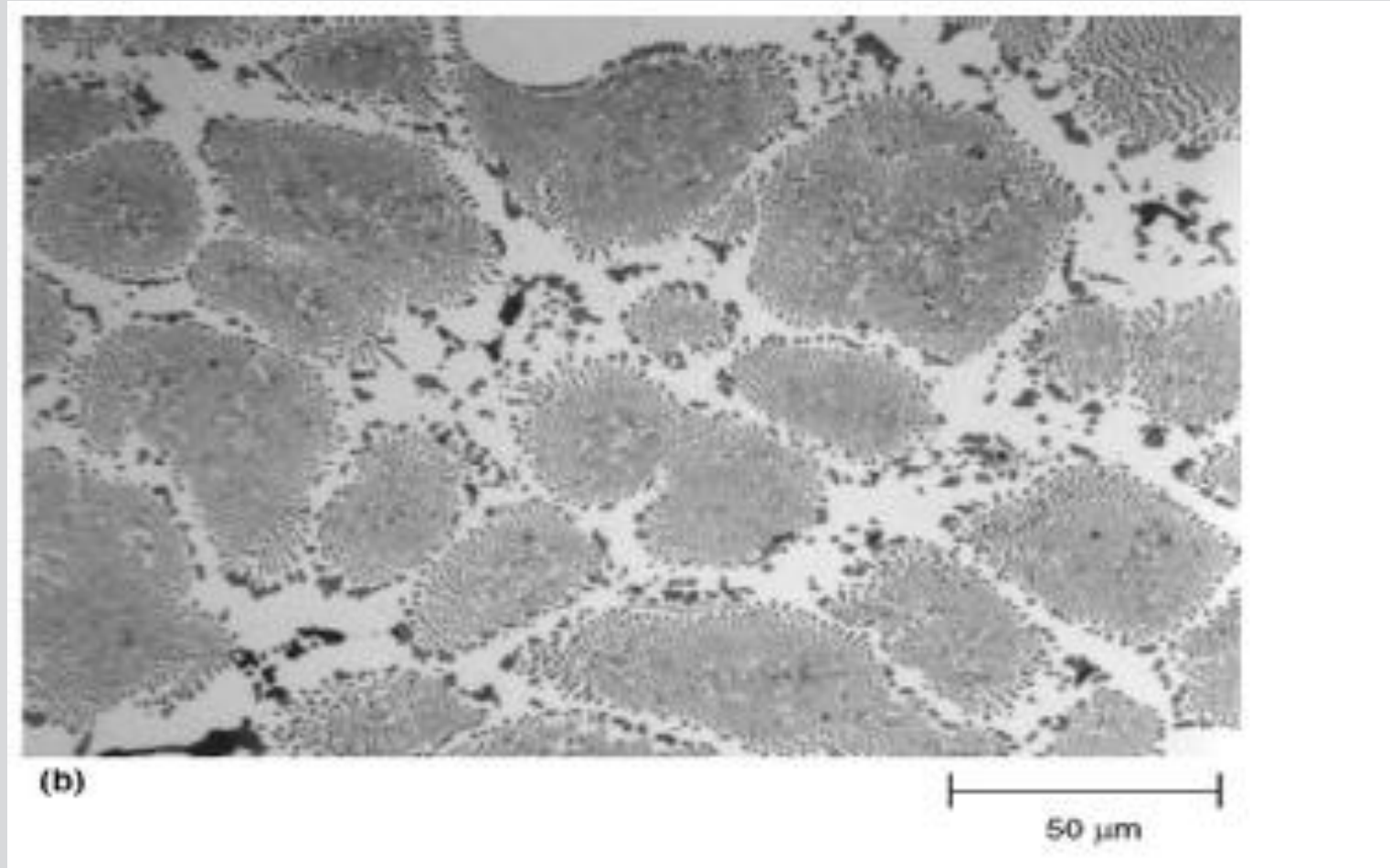


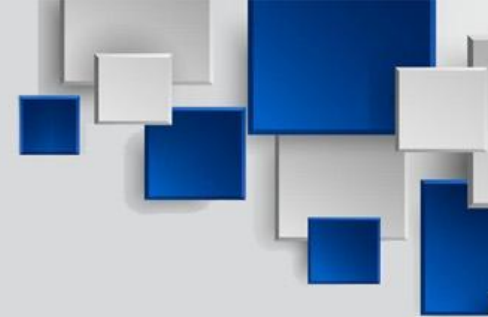
Fig. 3 Aluminum corner of the aluminum-copper phase diagram. Eutectic composition (not shown) is at 33 wt% (17 at.%) Cu.

Al – Cu  
2XX.X  
2XXX



**Fig. 8 Dispersed phase and networklike morphology of second-phase structure in two eutectic alloys. (a) As-cast 413 alloy at 750 $\times$ . (b) As-cast aluminum-copper alloy at 400 $\times$ . Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4)**

Al – Cu  
2XX.X  
2XXX



# Otros precipitados en aleaciones base Al

Element	Temperature <sup>(a)</sup>		Liquid solubility		Solid solubility	
	°C	°F	wt%	at. %	wt%	at. %
<b>Ag</b>	570	1060	72.0	60.9	55.6	23.8
<b>Au</b>	640	1180	5	0.7	0.36	0.049
<b>B</b>	660	1220	0.022	0.054	<0.001	<0.002
<b>Be</b>	645	1190	0.87	2.56	0.063	0.188
<b>Bi</b>	660 <sup>(b)</sup>	1220 <sup>(b)</sup>	3.4	0.45	<0.1	<0.01
<b>Ca</b>	620	1150	7.6	5.25	<0.1	<0.05
<b>Cd</b>	650 <sup>(b)</sup>	1200 <sup>(b)</sup>	6.7	1.69	0.47	0.11
<b>Co</b>	660	1220	1.0	0.46	<0.02	<0.01
<b>Cr</b>	660 <sup>(c)</sup>	1220 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.41	0.21	0.77	0.40
<b>Cu</b>	550	1020	33.15	17.39	5.67	2.48
<b>Fe</b>	655	1210	1.87	0.91	0.052	0.025
<b>Ga</b>	30	80	98.9	97.2	20.0	8.82
<b>Gd</b>	640	1180	11.5	2.18	<0.1	<0.01
<b>Ge</b>	425	800	53.0	29.5	6.0	2.30
<b>Hf</b>	660 <sup>(c)</sup>	1220 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.49	0.074	1.22	0.186
<b>In</b>	640	1180	17.5	4.65	0.17	0.04
<b>Li</b>	600	1110	9.9	30.0	4.0	13.9
<b>Mg</b>	450	840	35.0	37.34	14.9	16.26
<b>Mn</b>	660	1220	1.95	0.97	1.25	0.62
<b>Mo</b>	660 <sup>(c)</sup>	1220 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.1	0.03	0.25	0.056

# Otros precipitados en aleaciones base Al

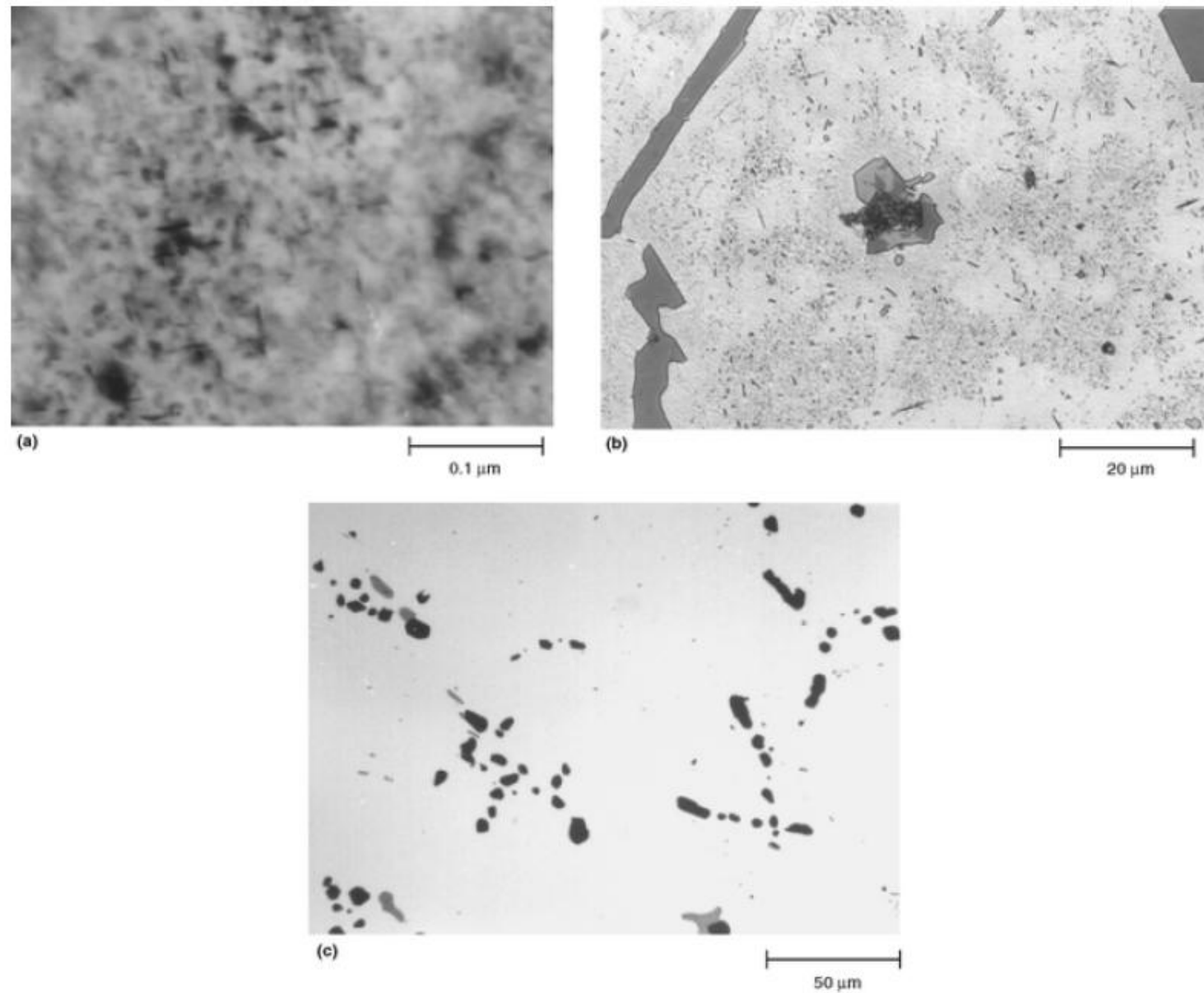
Element	Temperature <sup>(a)</sup>		Liquid solubility		Solid solubility	
	°C	°F	wt%	at. %	wt%	at. %
<b>Na</b>	660 <sup>(b)</sup>	1220 <sup>(b)</sup>	0.18	0.21	<0.003	<0.003
<b>Nb</b>	660 <sup>(c)</sup>	1220 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.01	0.003	0.22	0.064
<b>Ni</b>	640	1180	6.12	2.91	0.05	0.023
<b>Pb</b>	660	1220	1.52	0.20	0.15	0.02
<b>Pd</b>	615	1140	24.2	7.5	<0.1	<0.02
<b>Rh</b>	660	1220	1.09	0.29	<0.1	<0.02
<b>Ru</b>	660	1220	0.69	0.185	<0.1	<0.02
<b>Sb</b>	660	1220	1.1	0.25	<0.1	<0.02
<b>Sc</b>	660	1220	0.52	0.31	0.38	0.23
<b>Si</b>	580	1080	12.6	12.16	1.65	1.59
<b>Sn</b>	230	450	99.5	97.83	<0.01	<0.002
<b>Sr</b>	655	1210	...	...	...	...
<b>Th</b>	635	1180	25.0	3.73	<0.1	<0.01
<b>Ti</b>	665 <sup>(c)</sup>	1230 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.15	0.084	1.00	0.57
<b>Tm</b>	645	1190	10.0	1.74	<0.1	<0.01
<b>U</b>	640	1180	13.0	1.67	<0.1	<0.01
<b>V</b>	665 <sup>(c)</sup>	1230 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.25	0.133	0.6	0.32
<b>Y</b>	645	1190	7.7	2.47	<0.1	<0.03
<b>Zn</b>	380	720	95.0	88.7	82.8	66.4
<b>Zr</b>	660 <sup>(c)</sup>	1220 <sup>(c)</sup>	0.11	0.033	0.28	0.085

(a) Eutectic reactions unless designated otherwise.

(b) Monotectic reaction.

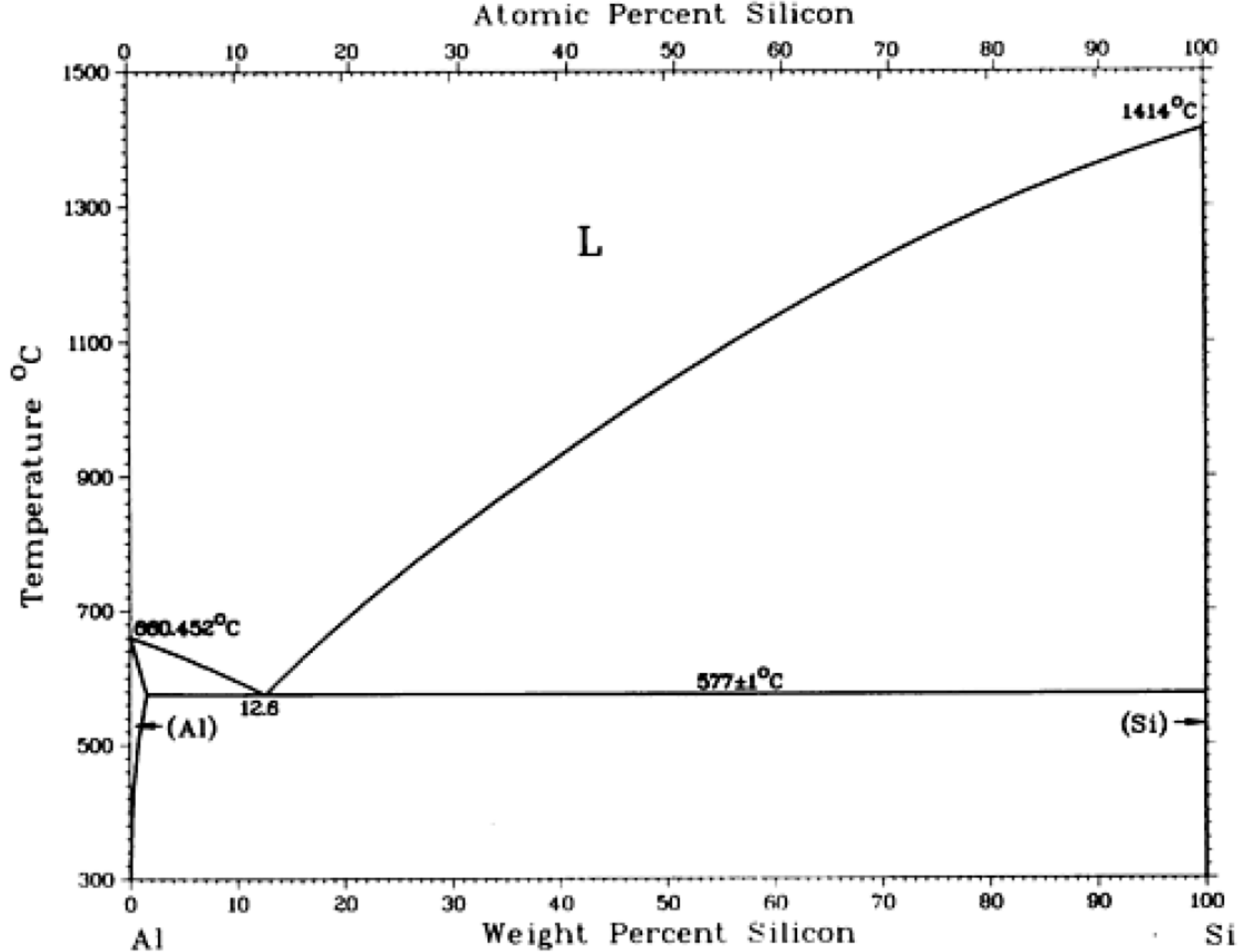
(c) Peritectic reaction.

# Otros precipitados en aleaciones base Al



**Fig. 5** Examples of dispersed precipitates shown at various magnifications. (a) Transmission electron microscopy image (at 200,000×) of  $\eta'$  phase in thin foil of 7050-T6 alloy. (b) Micrograph (at 1000×) of heat treated (T6) 418 alloy etched with 0.5% HF (etchant 5m in Table 4). (c) Micrograph (at 400×) of heat treated 7050-T6 alloy etched with 0.5% HF (etchant 5m in Table 4)

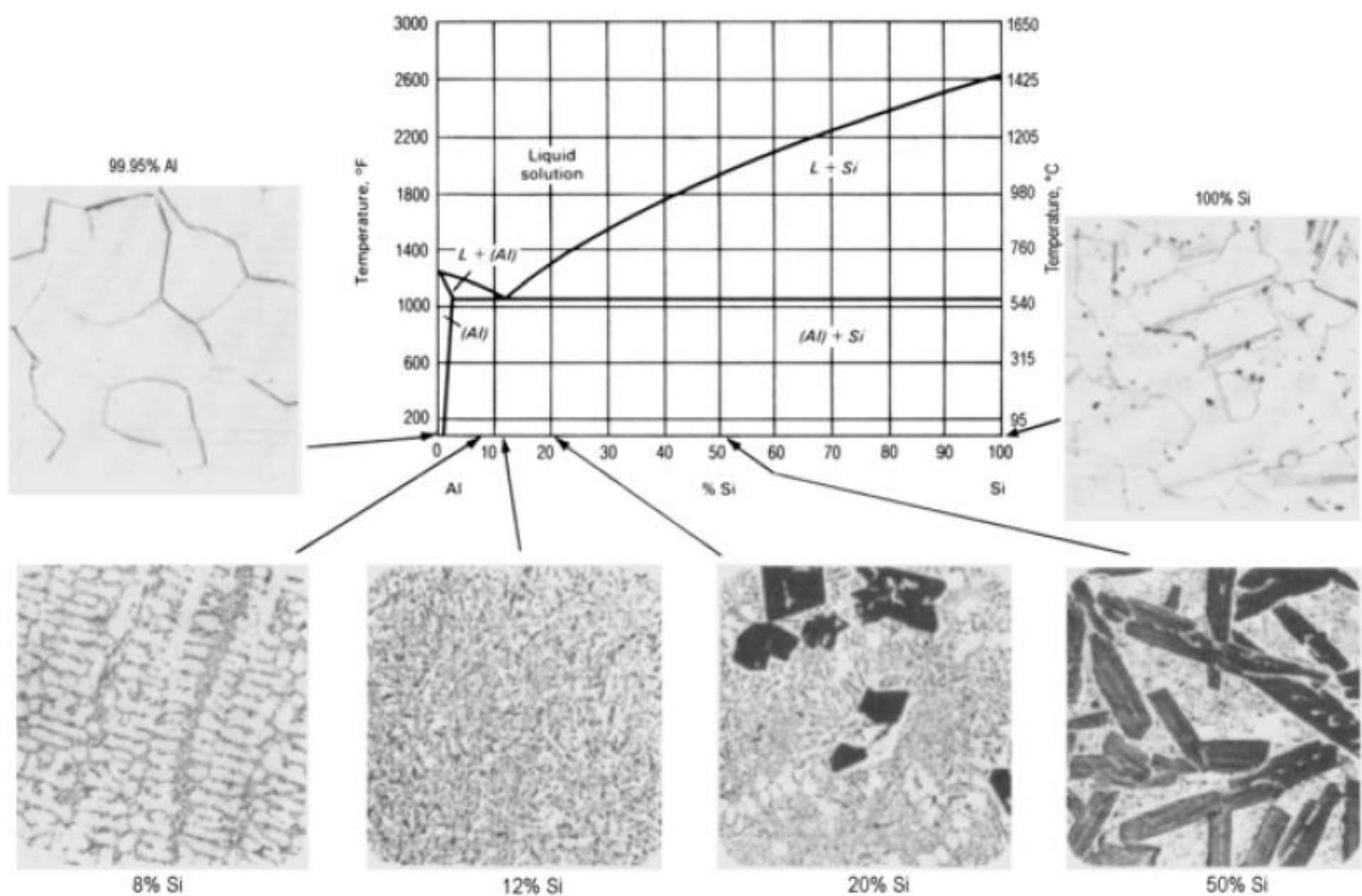
Al – Si  
 4XX.X  
 4XXX



Al-Si crystallographic data

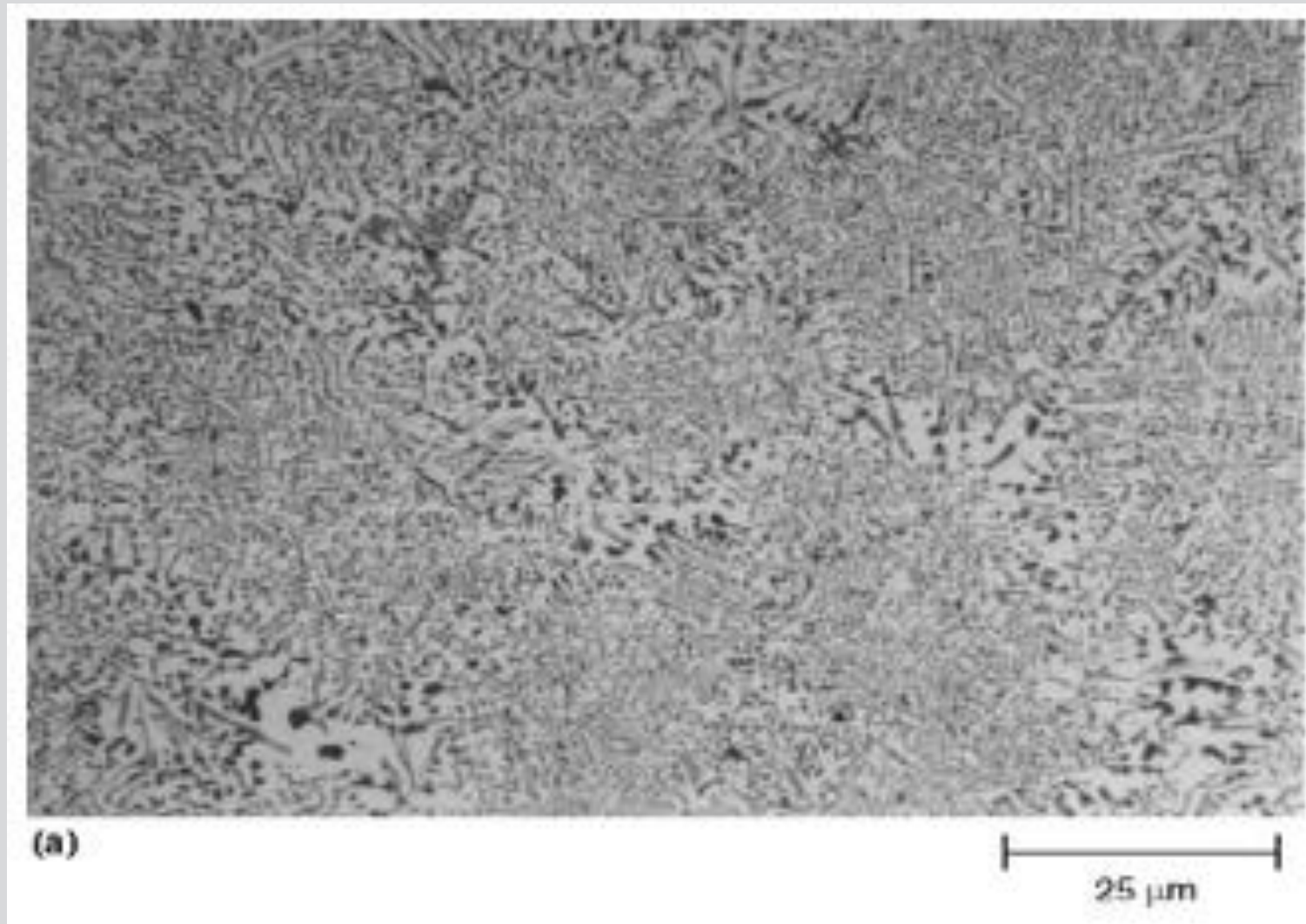
Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	99.985 to 100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>

Al – Si  
4XX.X  
4XXX



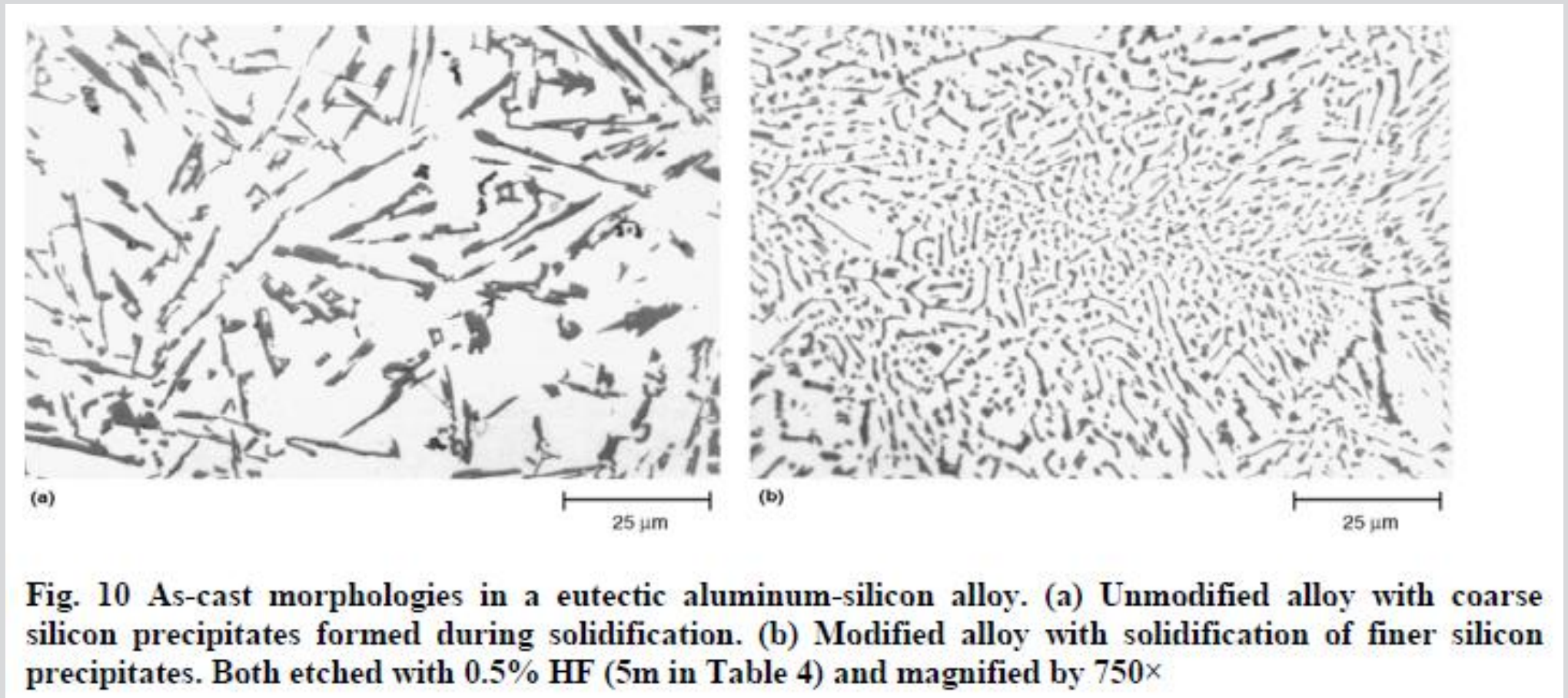
**Fig. 6 Aluminum-silicon phase diagram and cast microstructures of hypoeutectic compositions (<12% Si), hypereutectic compositions (>12% Si), and one close to the eutectic composition of 12% Si**

Al – Si  
4XX.X  
4XXX

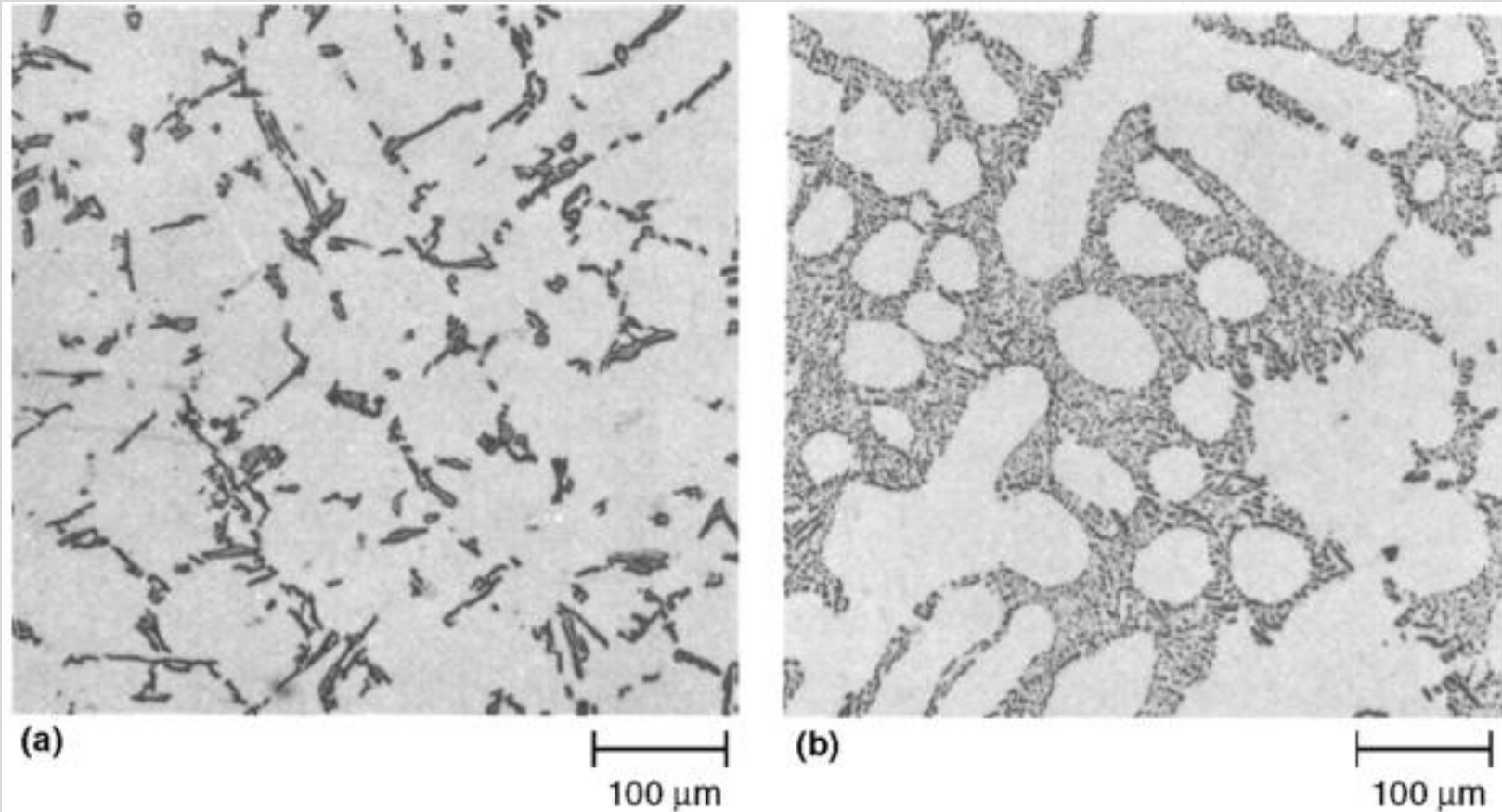


**Fig. 8** Dispersed phase and networklike morphology of second-phase structure in two eutectic alloys. (a) As-cast 413 alloy at 750 $\times$ . (b) As-cast aluminum-copper alloy at 400 $\times$ . Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4)

Al – Si  
4XX.X  
4XXX

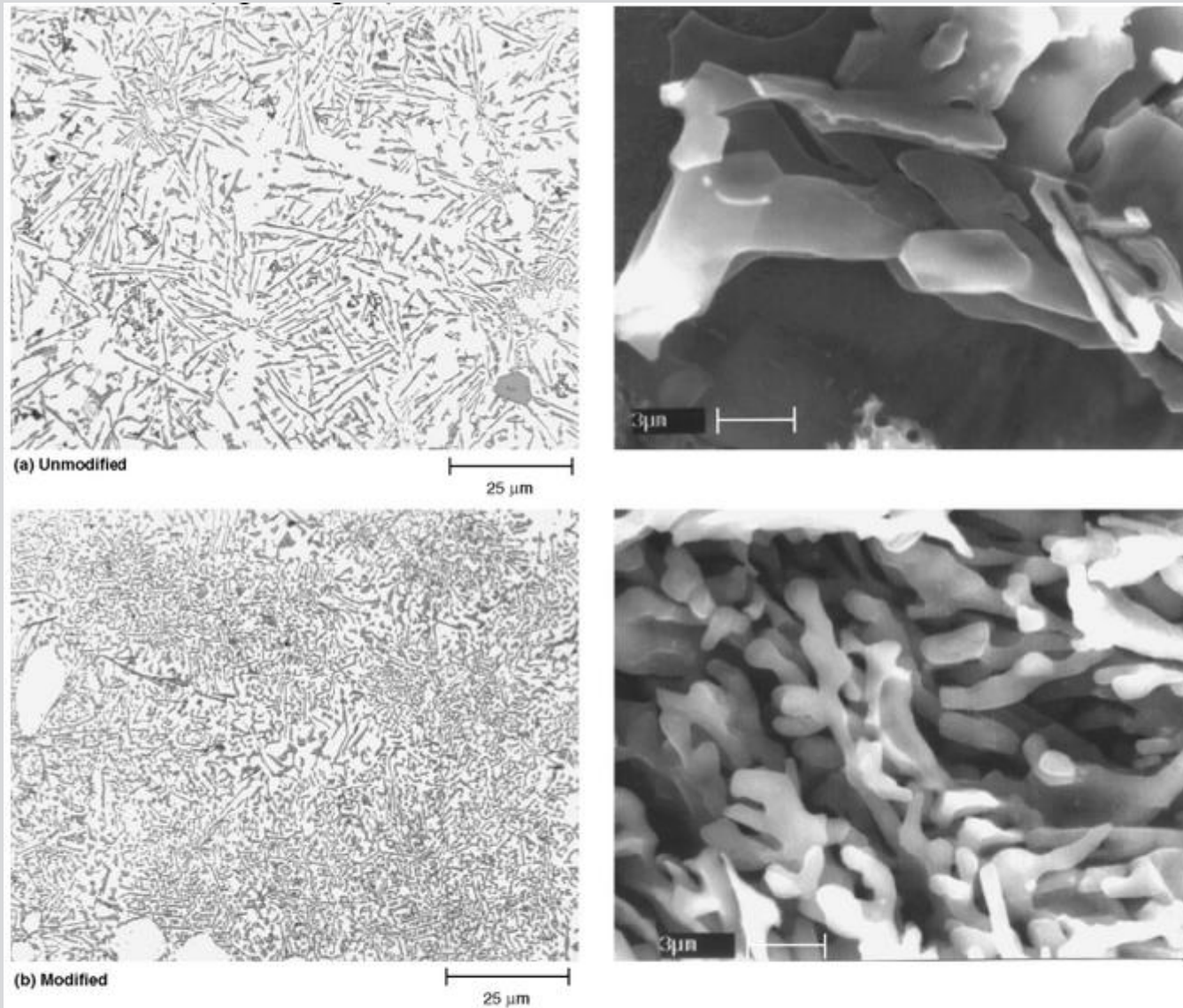


Al – Si  
4XX.X  
4XXX



**Fig. 16 Effect of sodium modification on microstructure of sand-cast aluminum-silicon hypoeutectic alloy 356-F. Both specimens were etched in 0.5% hydrofluoric acid and are shown at 100 $\times$ . (a) As-cast structure in unmodified alloy consists of a network of silicon particles (sharp gray), which formed in the interdendritic aluminum-silicon eutectic. (b) Modified alloy by addition of 0.025% Na to the melt. Constituents are the same as in (a), but the particles of silicon are smaller and less angular**

Al – Si  
4XX.X  
4XXX



**Fig. 51** Modified and unmodified phase morphology of a eutectic aluminum-silicon alloy from examination by light microscopy (left, at 750×) of etched specimens (0.5% HF) and by SEM imaging (right, at 4000×) of specimens deep etched with procedure 2s in Table 22 [Solution A (Flick's reagent) + Solution B]. (a) Unmodified alloy. (b) Modified alloy

# Al – Mg

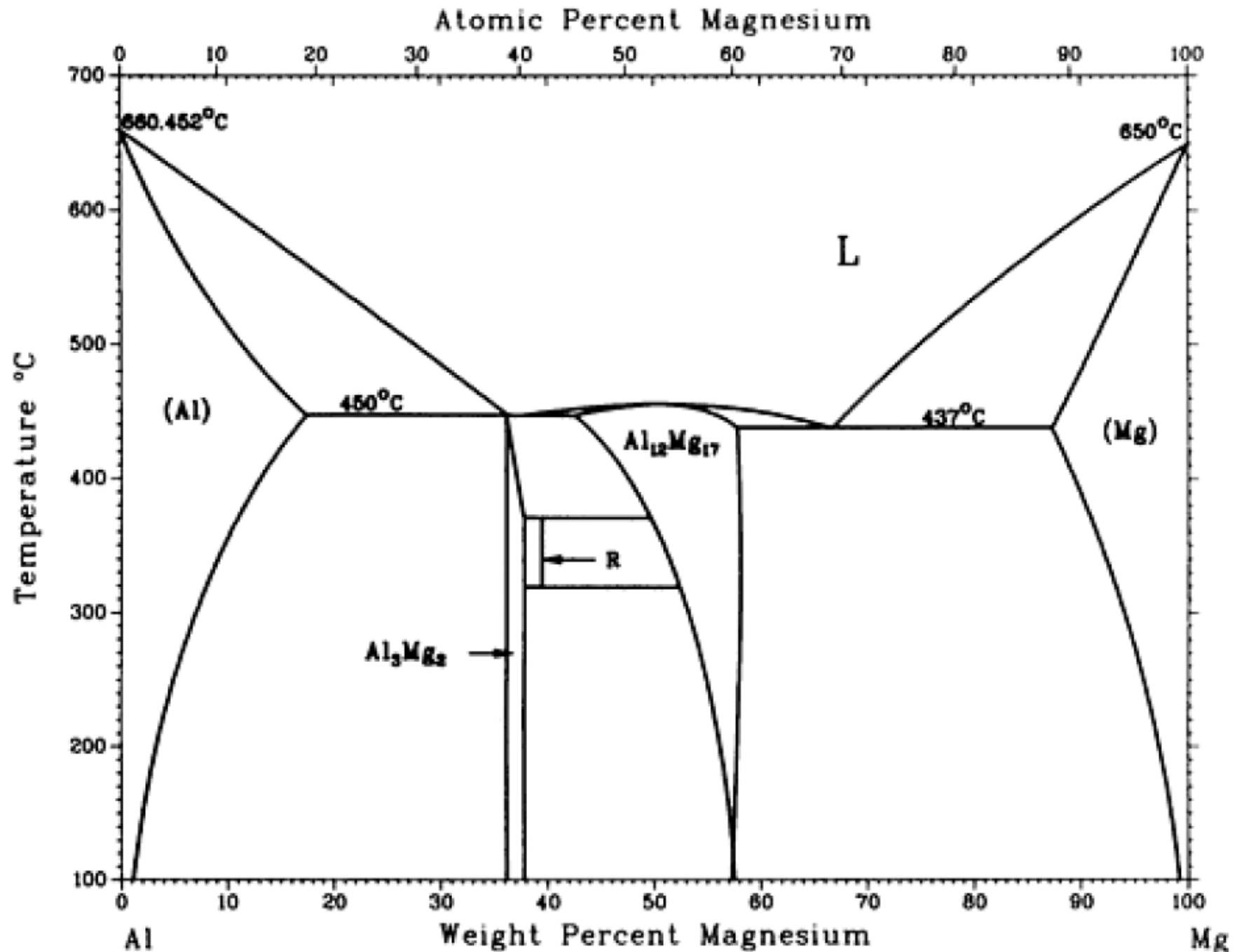
## 5XX.X

## 5XXX

### Al-Mg crystallographic data

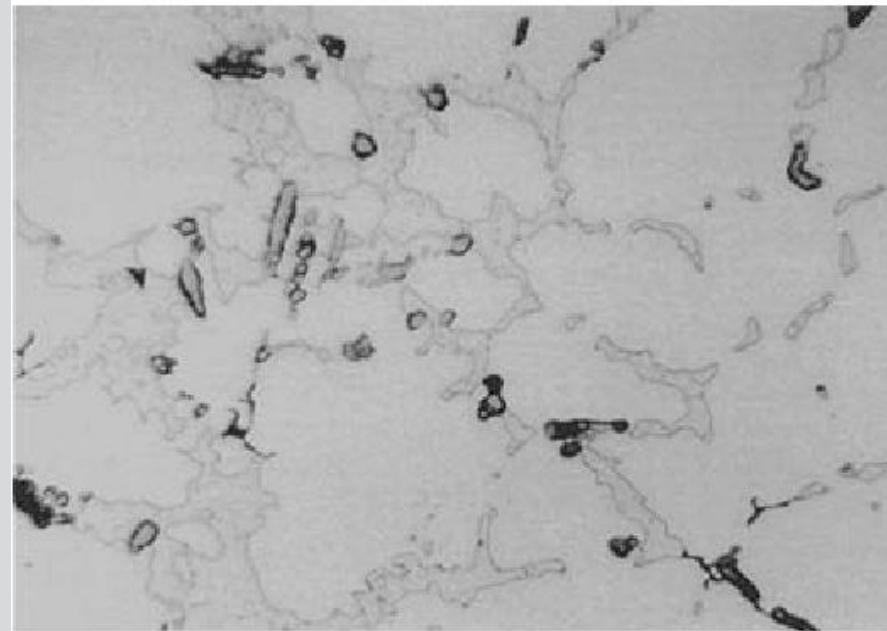
Phase	Composition, wt% Mg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 17.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
$\beta$ (Al <sub>3</sub> Mg <sub>2</sub> )	36.1 to 37.8	<i>cF1168</i>	<i>Fd<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
<i>R</i>	39	<i>hR53</i>	<i>R<math>\bar{3}</math></i>
$\gamma$ (Al <sub>12</sub> Mg <sub>17</sub> )	42 to 58.0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I<math>\bar{4}3m</math></i>
(Mg)	87.1 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6<sub>3</sub>/mmc</i>
<b>Metastable phases</b>			
Al <sub>2</sub> Mg	31.0	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4<sub>1</sub>/amd</i>
$\gamma'$	38 to 56.2	( <sup>a</sup> )	...

(a) Tetragonal



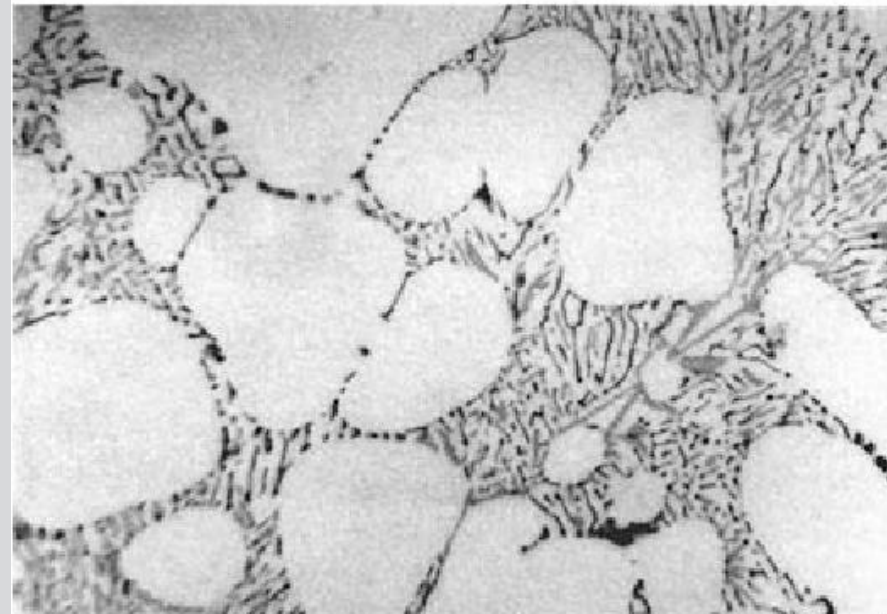
# Al – Mg 5XX.X 5XXX

Typical examples of aluminum-magnesium commercial alloys. (a) Microstructure showing  $\text{Al}_3\text{Fe}$  (gray) and  $\text{Mg}_2\text{Si}$  (black) in-aluminum solid-solution matrix (alloy type A518 with 7.6% Mg). Etchant: 0.5% HF. Original magnification 560. (b) Microstructure showing ternary eutectic and-aluminum solid-solution dendrites matrix (alloy type A512 with 4Mg-1.8Si). Etchant: 0.5% HF. Original magnification 560



(a)

250  $\mu\text{m}$



(b)

250  $\mu\text{m}$

# Al – Zn

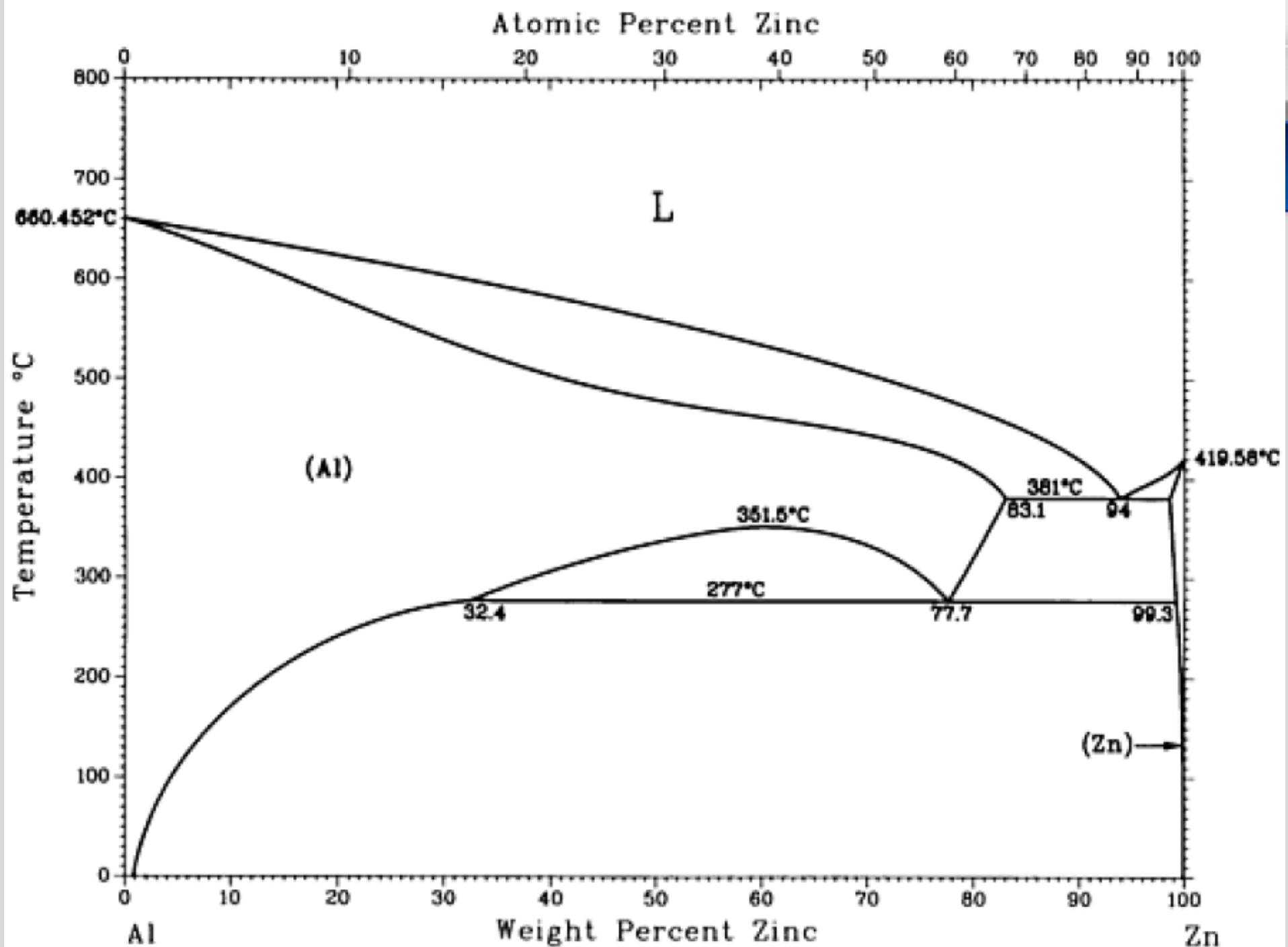
## 7XX.X

## 7XXX

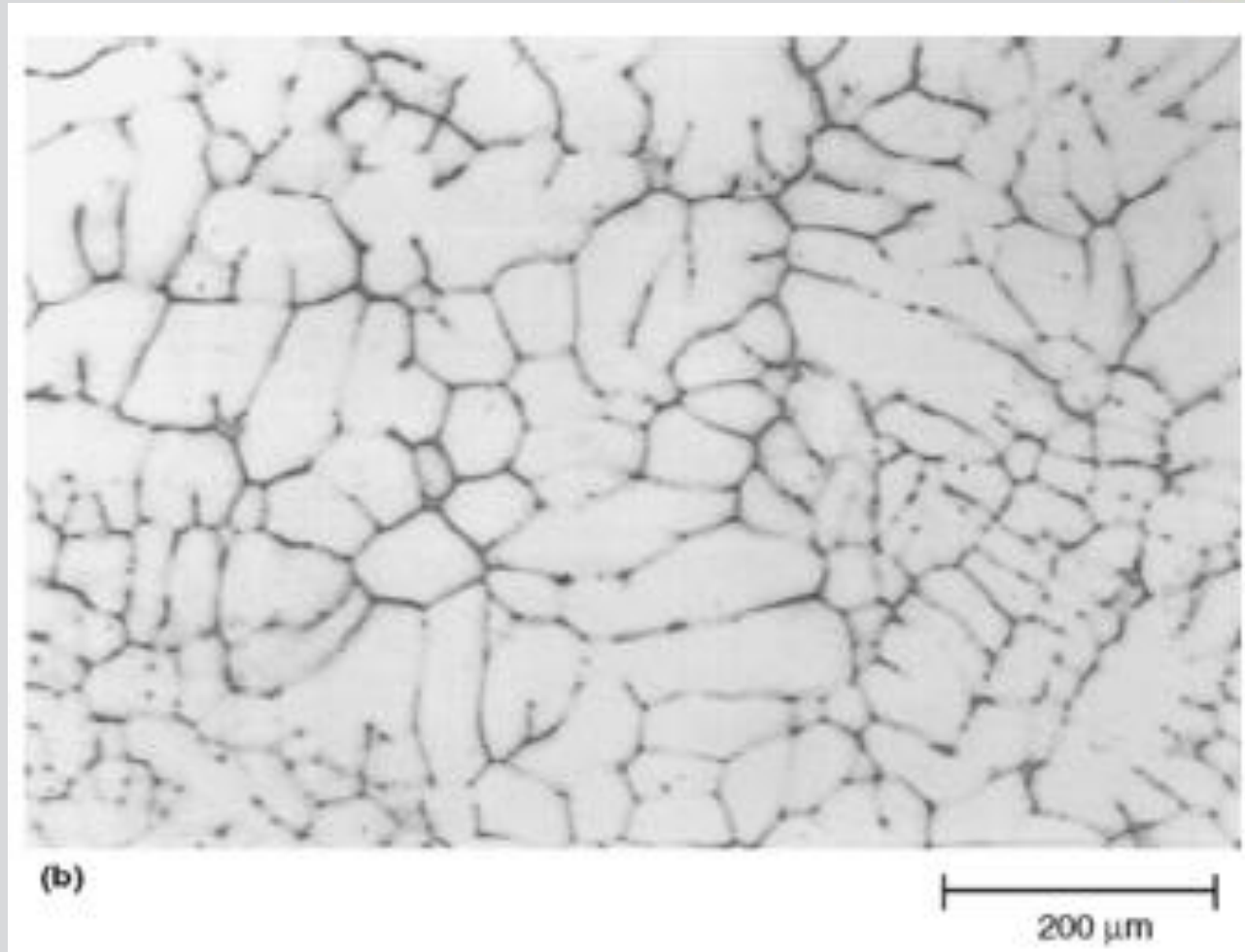
### Al-Zn crystallographic data

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 83.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
(Zn)	98.8 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6<math>_3</math>/mmc</i>
Metastable phases			
( $\alpha'$ Al) <sub>R</sub>	78 to ~85	...	<i>R<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
"R"	(a)	...	...
Y	...	...	...

(a) Coherent precipitate

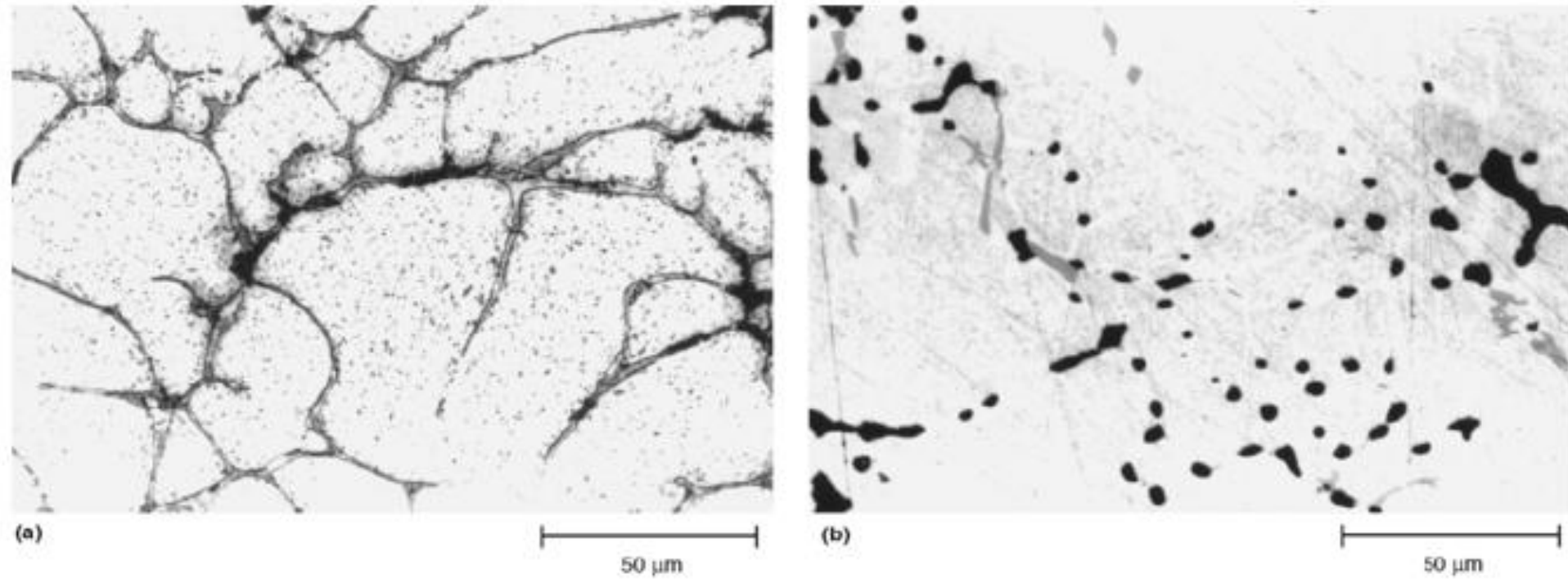


Al – Zn  
7XX.X  
7XXX



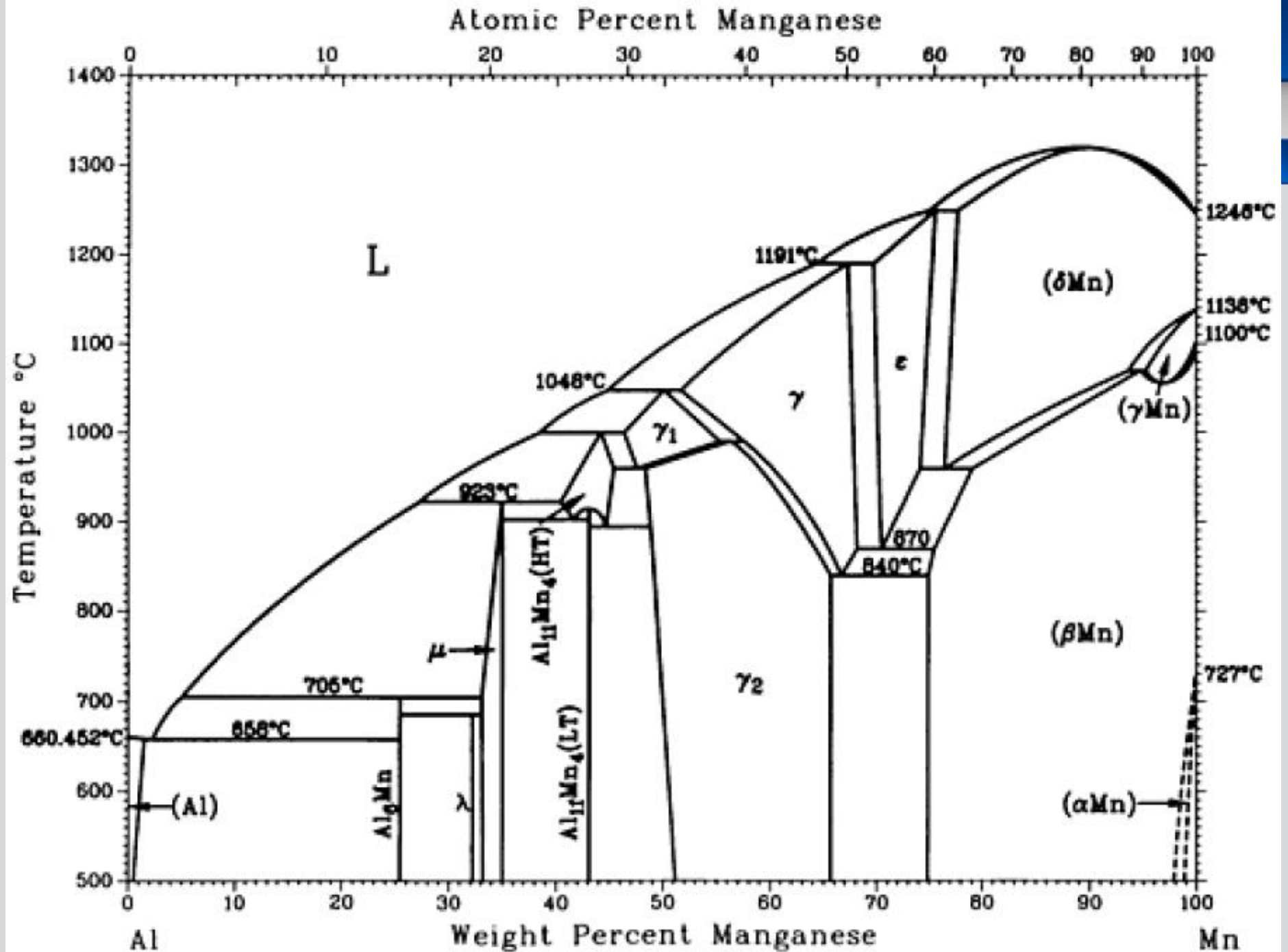
**Fig. 7 Networklike morphology of second-phase structure in two hypoeutectic alloys. (a) As-cast 356 alloy. (b) As-cast 7050 alloy. Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4) and magnified by 100×**

Al – Zn  
7XX.X  
7XXX



**Fig. 12 Effect of heat treatment on phase morphology in alloy 7050. (a) As-cast structure with network of Al + M(MgZn<sub>2</sub>) eutectic and Al<sub>2</sub>Mg<sub>3</sub>Zn<sub>3</sub>(T) precipitates. (b) Heat treated (T6) condition with globular morphology of M(MgZn<sub>2</sub>) eutectic and Al<sub>2</sub>Mg<sub>3</sub>Zn<sub>3</sub>(T) precipitates. Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4) and magnified by 500×**

# Al – Mn 3XXX



# Al – Mn 3XXX

## Al-Mn crystallographic data

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 1.25	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
G <sup>(a)</sup>	(b)	<i>cI26</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Al <sub>6</sub> Mn	25.2	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
$\lambda$ ("Al <sub>4</sub> Mn") <sup>(c)</sup>	~29.4 to ~32	(d)	...
$\mu$	~32 to 34.8	(d)	...
Al <sub>10</sub> Mn <sub>3</sub> ( $\phi$ )	(b)	<i>hP28</i>	<i>P6</i> <sub>3</sub> / <i>mmc</i>
Al <sub>11</sub> Mn <sub>4</sub> (LT) <sup>(e)</sup>	43	<i>aP30</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$

Al <sub>11</sub> Mn <sub>4</sub> (HT) <sup>(e)</sup>	40 to 45.0	<i>oP160</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
$\gamma_1$	47 to 55.7	(f)	...
$\gamma_2^{(g)}$	48.2 to 64	<i>hR26</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\gamma$	51.8 to 68.2	(f)	...
$\epsilon$	69.8 to 75	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> <sub>3</sub> / <i>mmc</i>
$\tau$	(b)	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
( $\delta$ Mn)	76.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
( $\gamma$ Mn)	95.3 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
( $\beta$ Mn)	75.0 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> <sub>1</sub> <b>32</b>
( $\alpha$ Mn)	~99 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$

(a) Several other structures have been ascribed to the G phase or variants of the G phase (G', G'').

(b) Metastable phase.

(c) A simple orthorhombic structure was reported in an alloy described as "Al<sub>4</sub>Mn."

(d) Hexagonal.

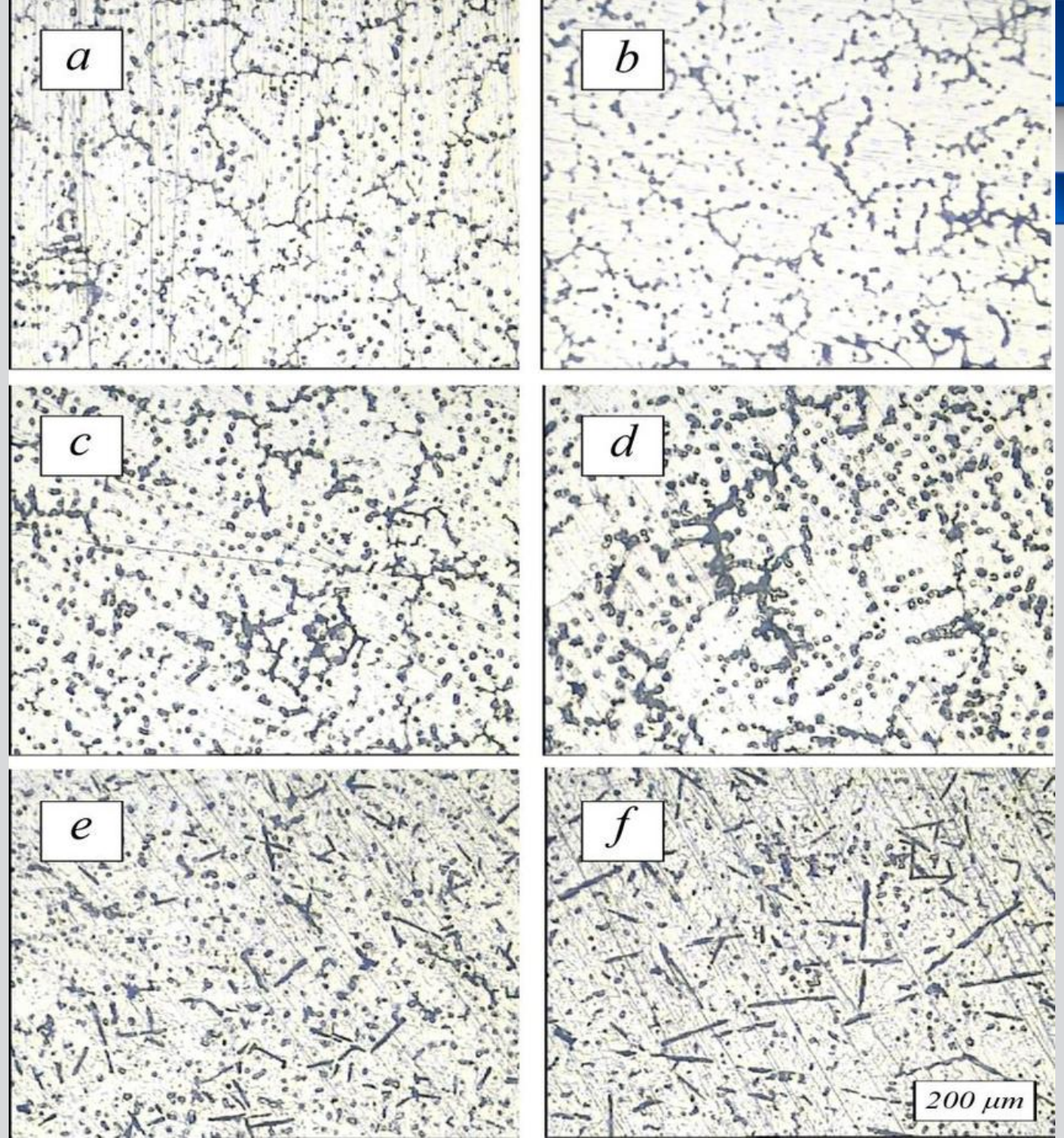
(e) Variants of this structure are described as complex stacking sequences along the *b* axis.

(f) Unknown.

(g) The structure has been described as distorted  $\gamma$ -brass type, cubic (bcc or fcc), and rhombohedral.

# Al – Mn 3XXX

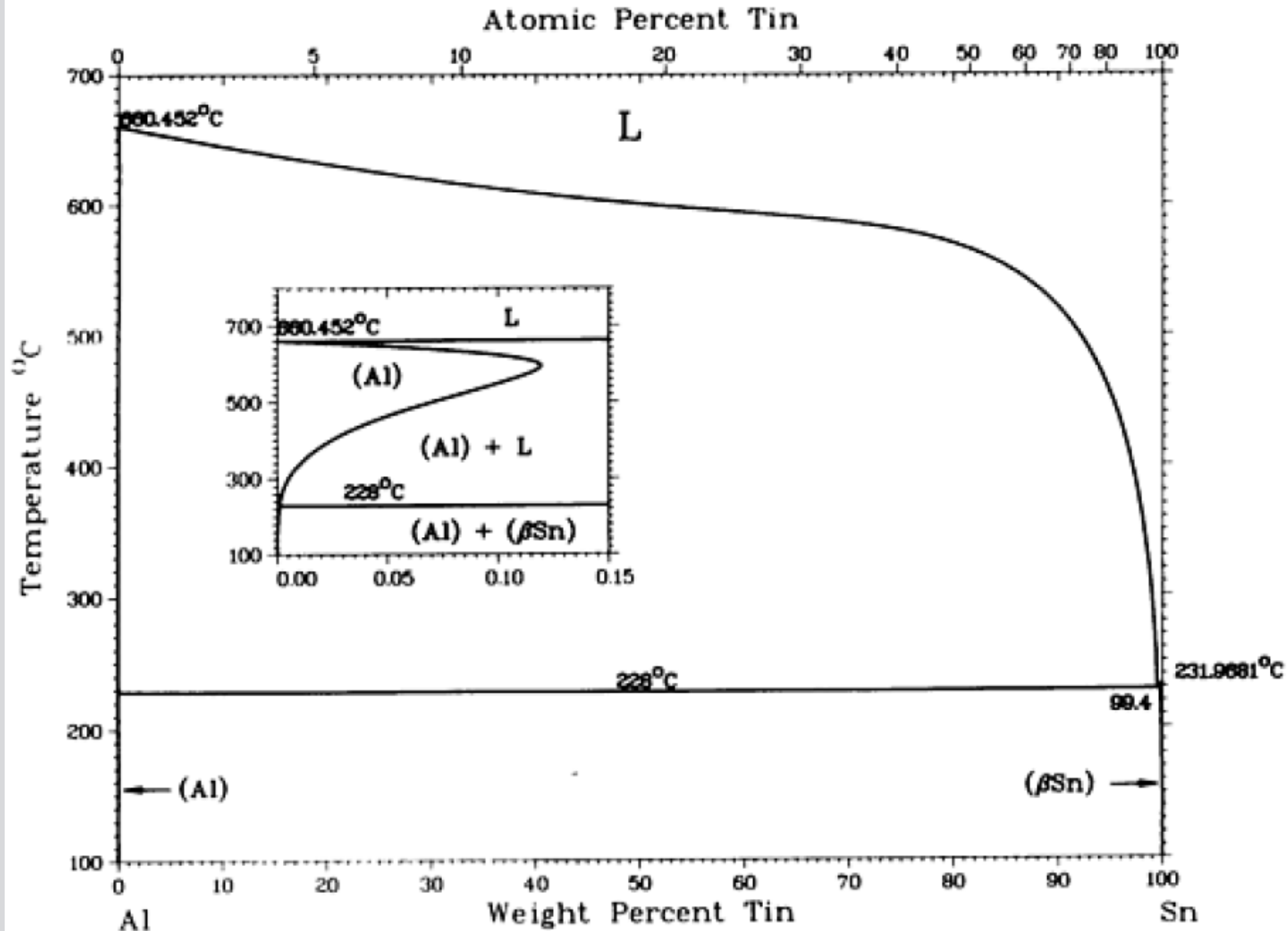
Optical microstructure of Al-6%Mg alloy as a function of Mn content (a) 0% (b) 0.03% (c) 0.3% (d) 1% (e) 3% (f) 5%. In order to understand the effect of Mn content on the phase formation in the Al-6%Mg- X%Mn alloy, a cross section of equilibrium phase diagram with different levels of Mn content is



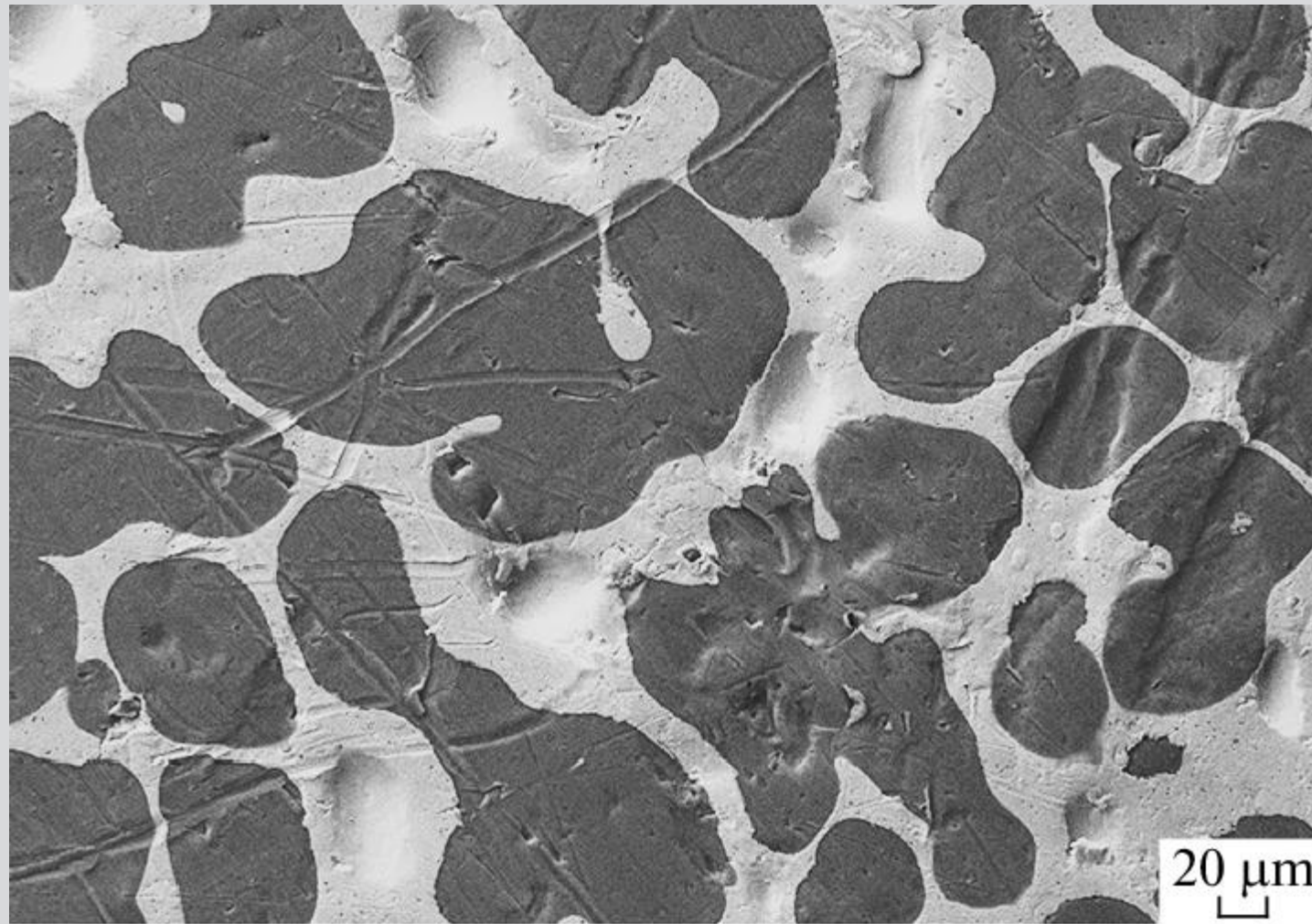
# Al – Sn 8XX.X

Al-Sn crystallographic data

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
( $\beta$ Sn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4<math>_1</math>/amd</i>
( $\alpha$ Sn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd<math>\bar{3}m</math></i>
Metastable phase			
$\Gamma$	>81.5	<i>hP1</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>

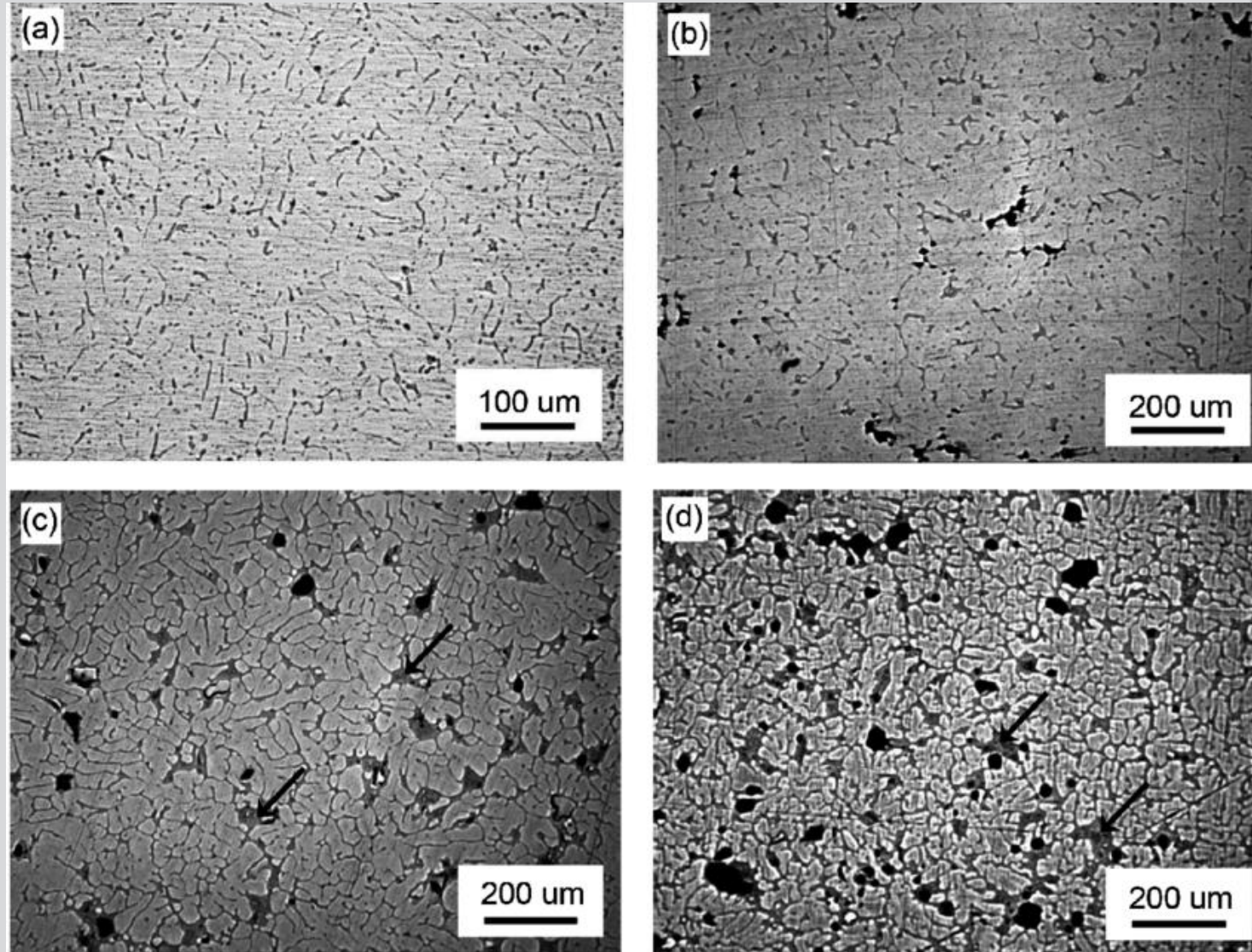


Al – Sn  
8XX.X



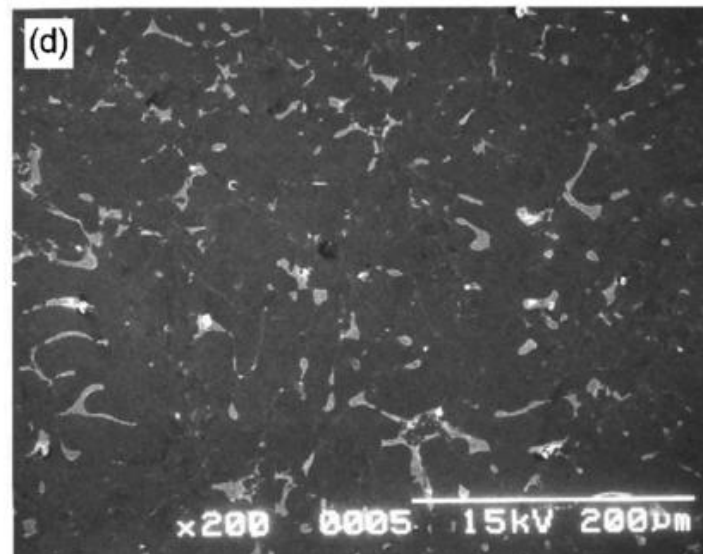
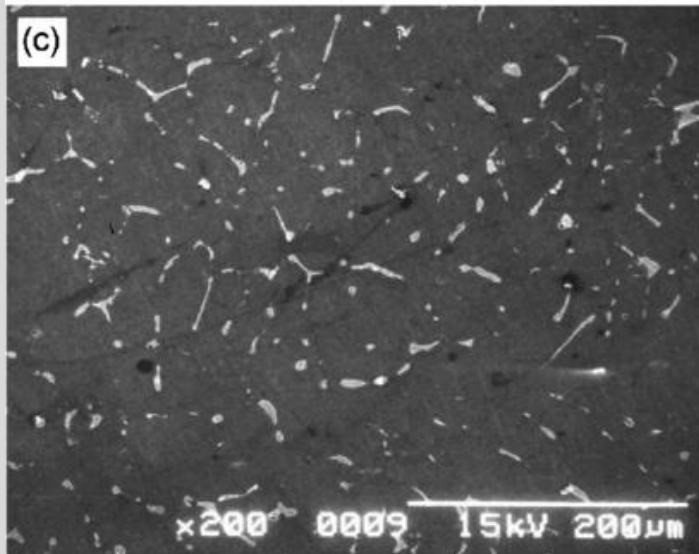
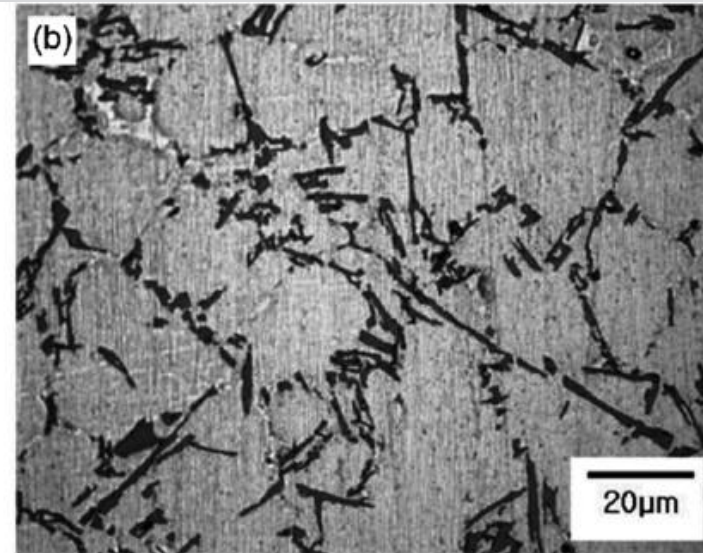
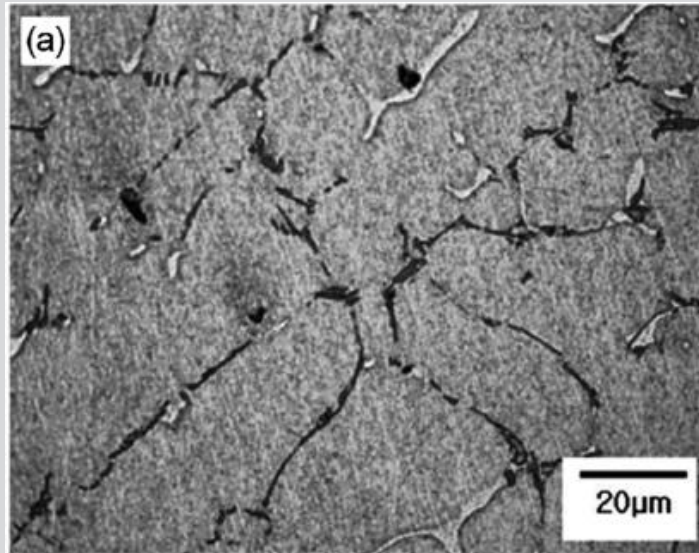
Microstructure of the Al-50 wt % Sn alloy.

# Al – Sn 8XX.X



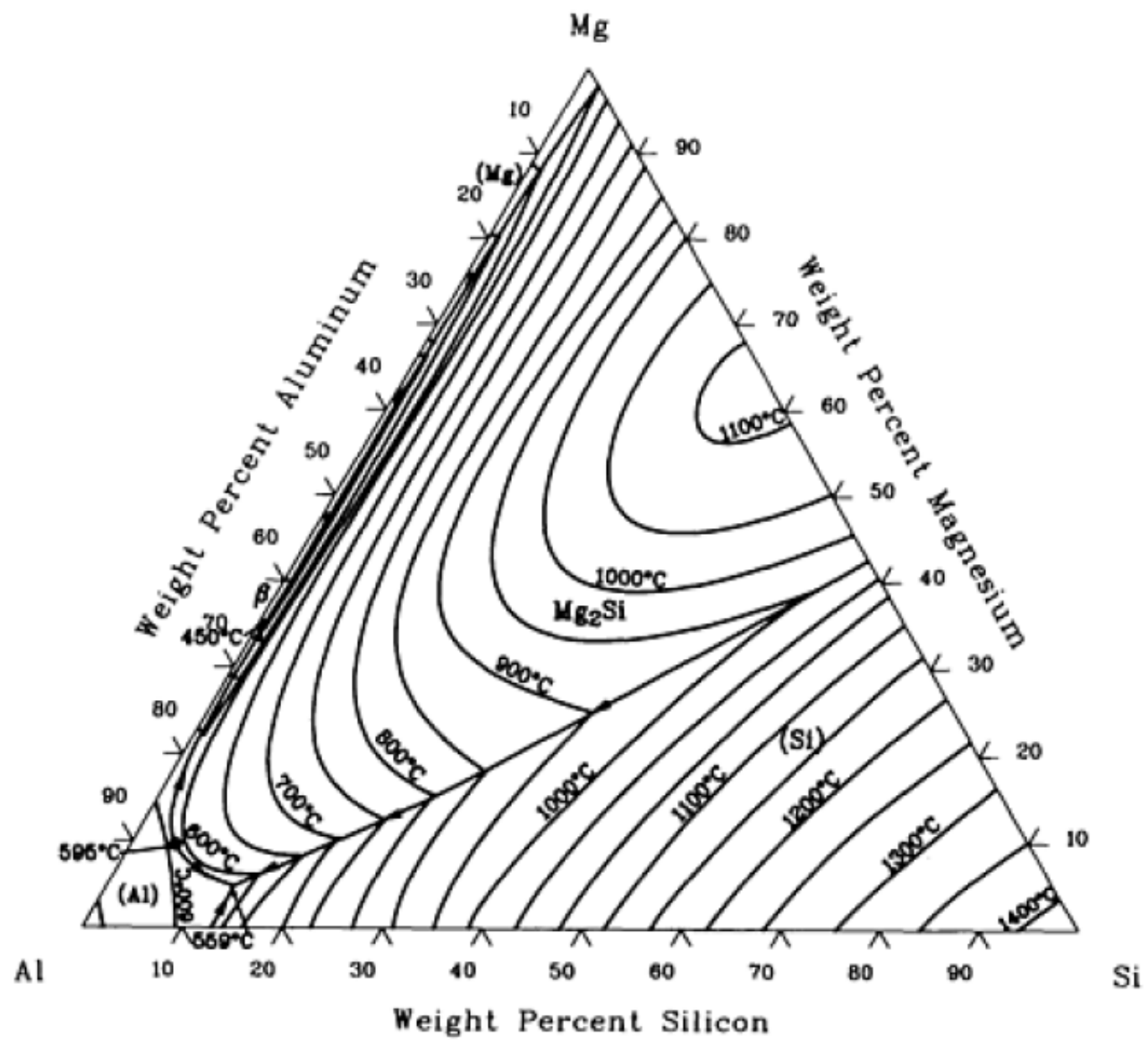
Microstructure of Al-Sn alloy with addition of Cu: arrows indicate coarsened Sn particles: (a) Al-10%Sn; (b) Al-10%Sn-1%Cu; (c) Al-30%Sn-1%Cu; (d) Al-40%Sn-1%Cu.

# Al – Sn 8XX.X



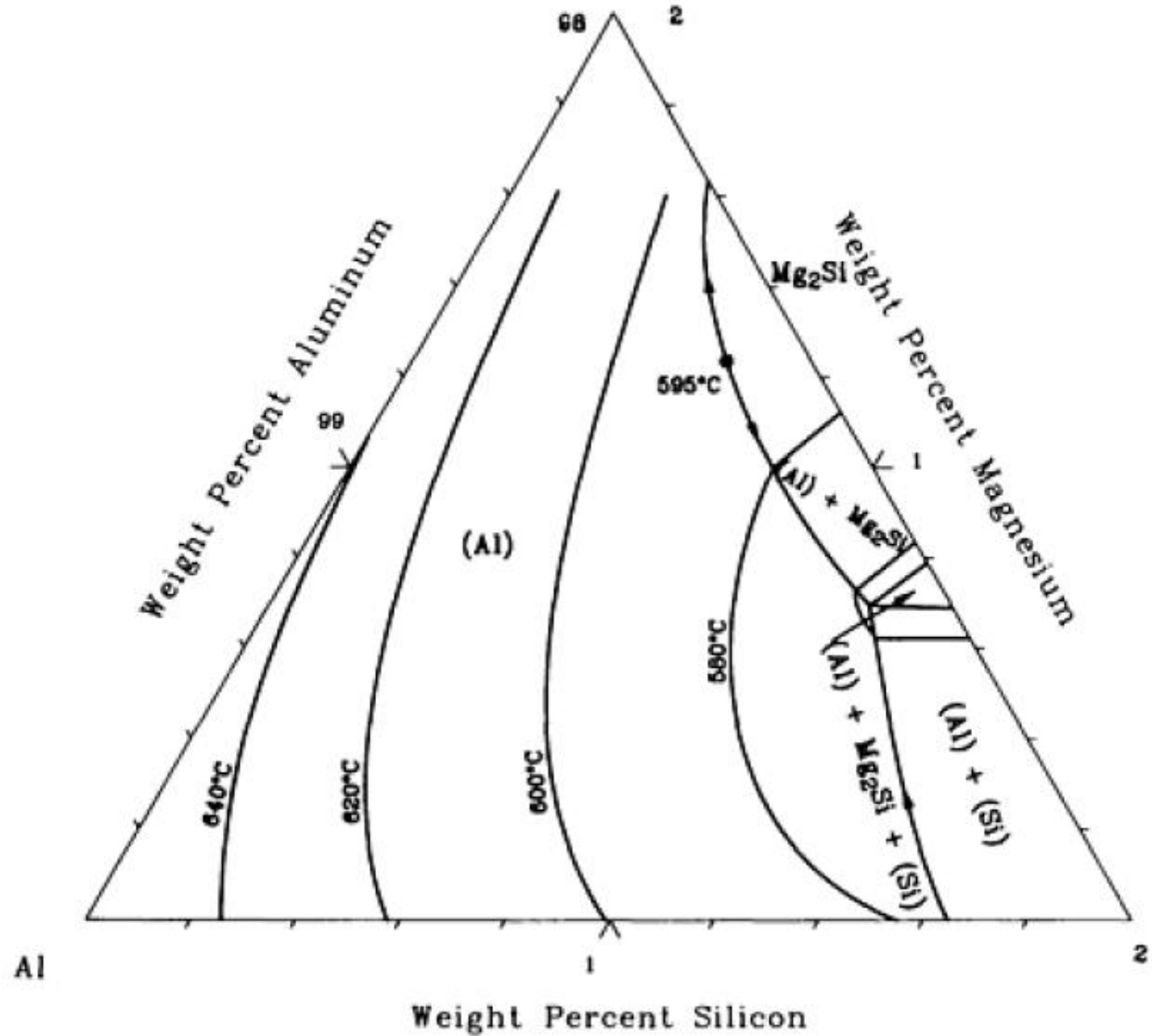
Microstructure of Al-Sn alloy with addition of Si: (a), (c) Al-10Sn-2Si, (b), (d) Al-10Sn-7Si.

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX



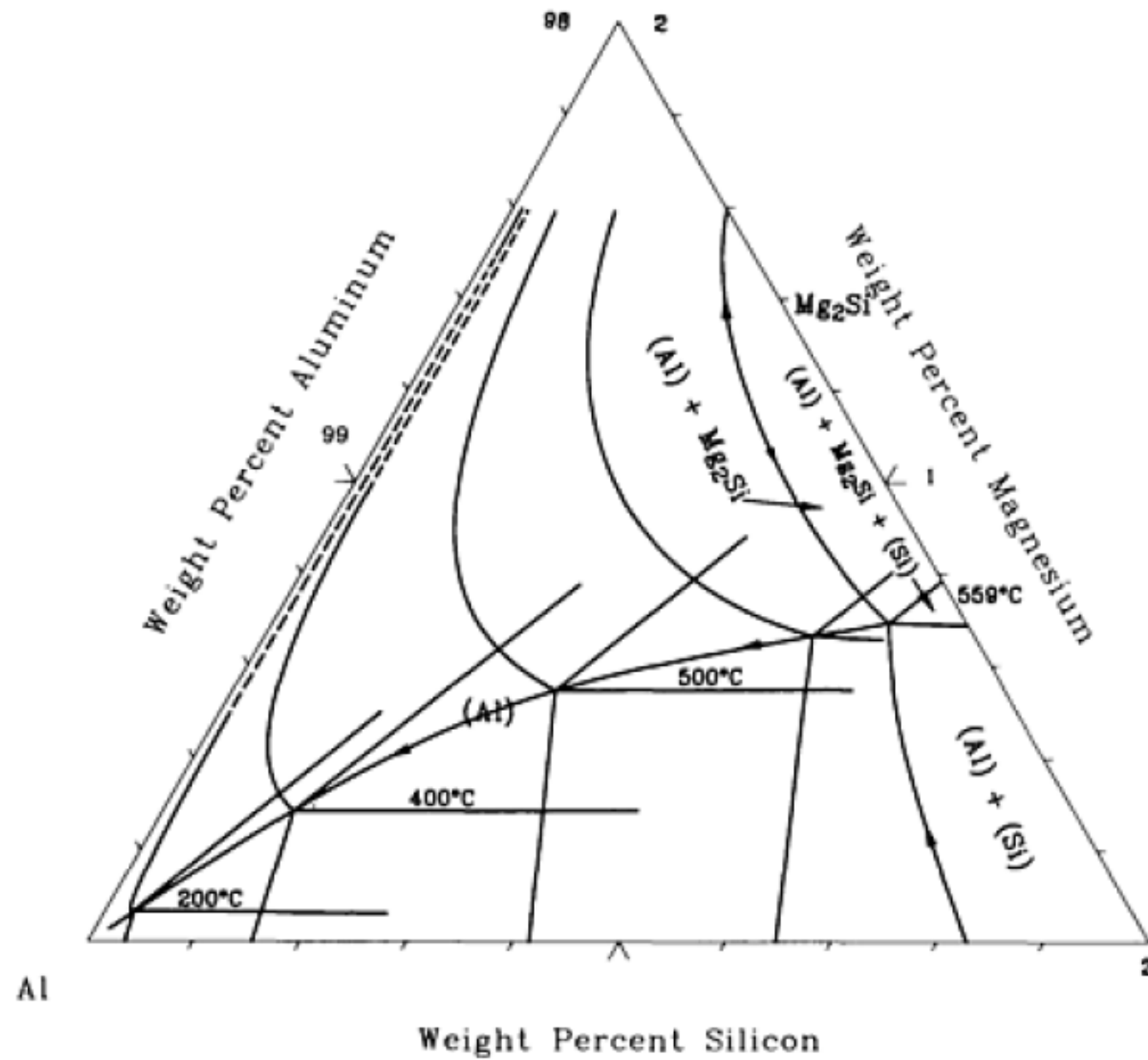
Al-Mg-Si liquidus projection [73Wil 34].

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX



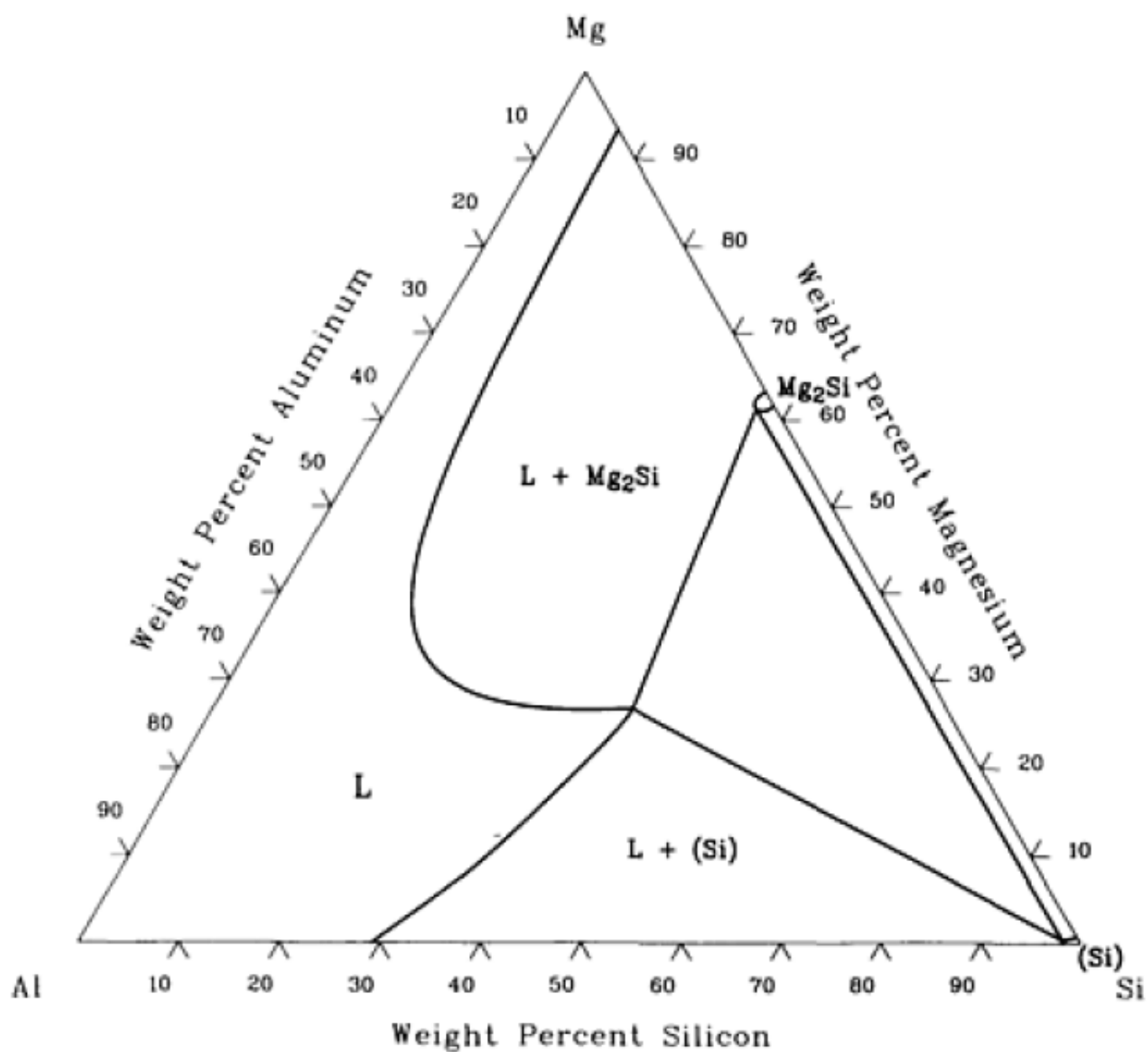
Al-Mg-Si solidus projection [73Wil 34].

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX



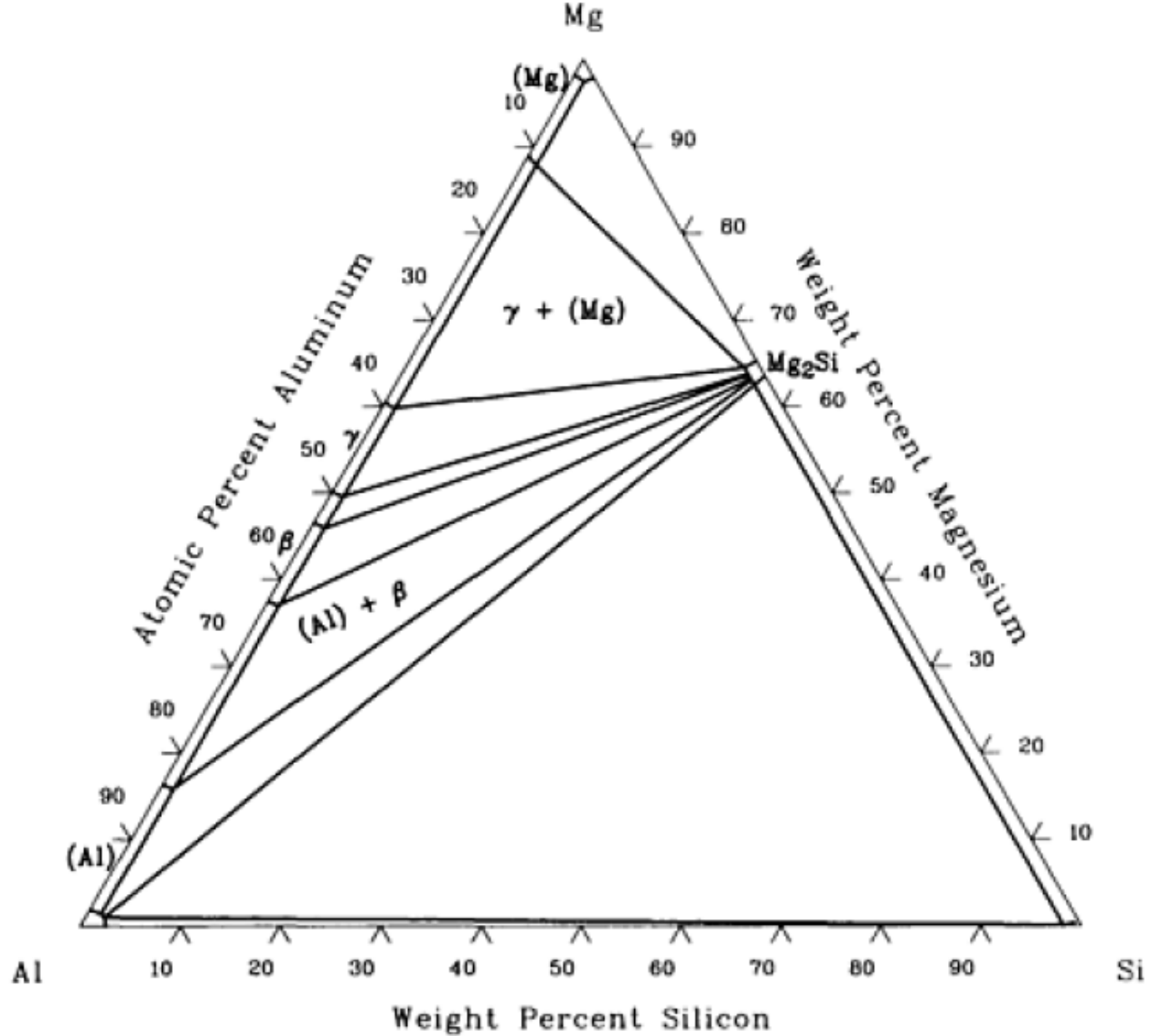
Al-Mg-Si solvus projection [73Wil 34].

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX



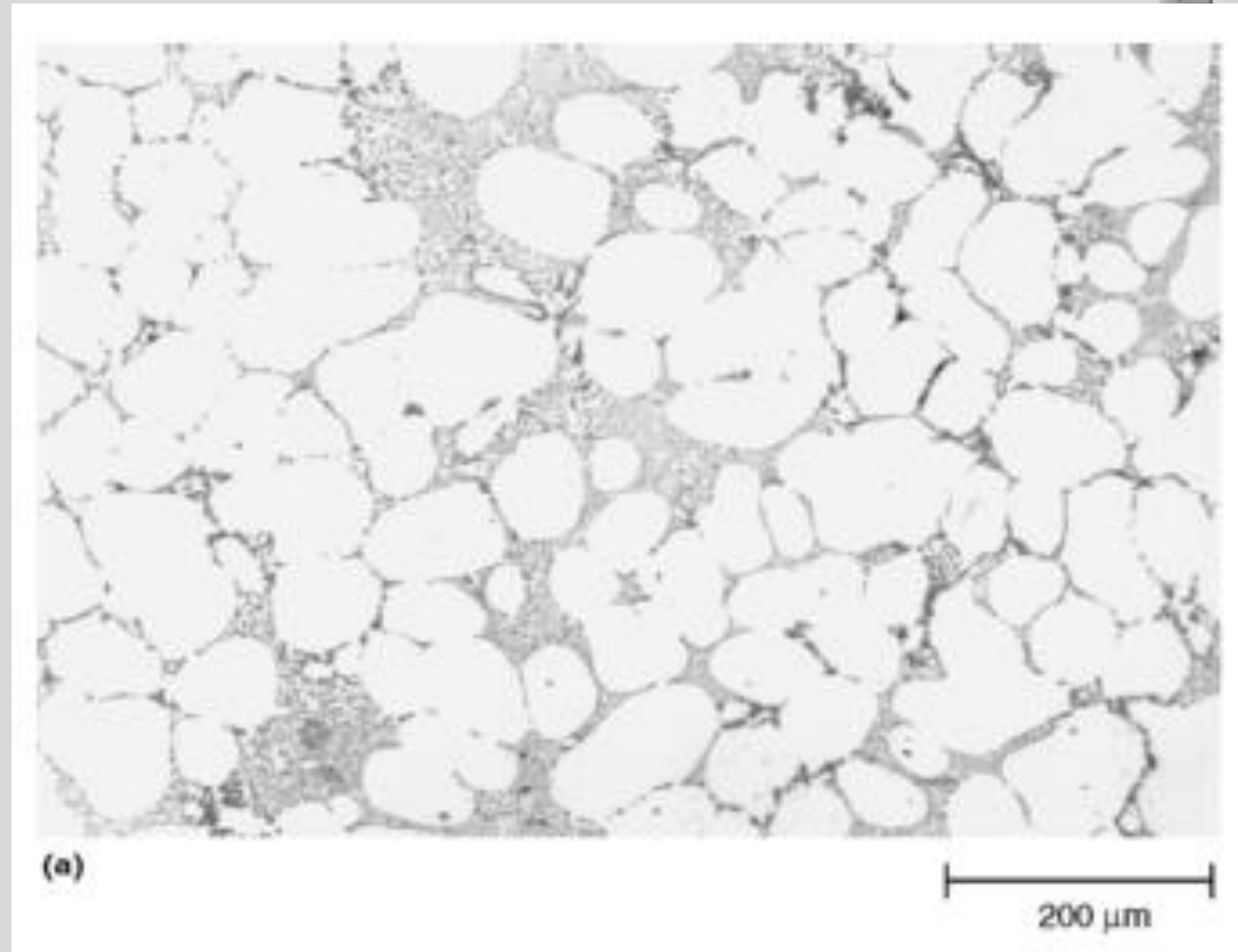
Al-Mg-Si isothermal section at 800 °C [88Rok 61].

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX



Al-Mg-Si isothermal section at 430 °C [88Rok 61].

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX



**Fig. 7** Networklike morphology of second-phase structure in two hypoeutectic alloys. (a) As-cast 356 alloy. (b) As-cast 7050 alloy. Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4) and magnified by 100×

Al – Si – Mg  
3XX.X  
6XXX

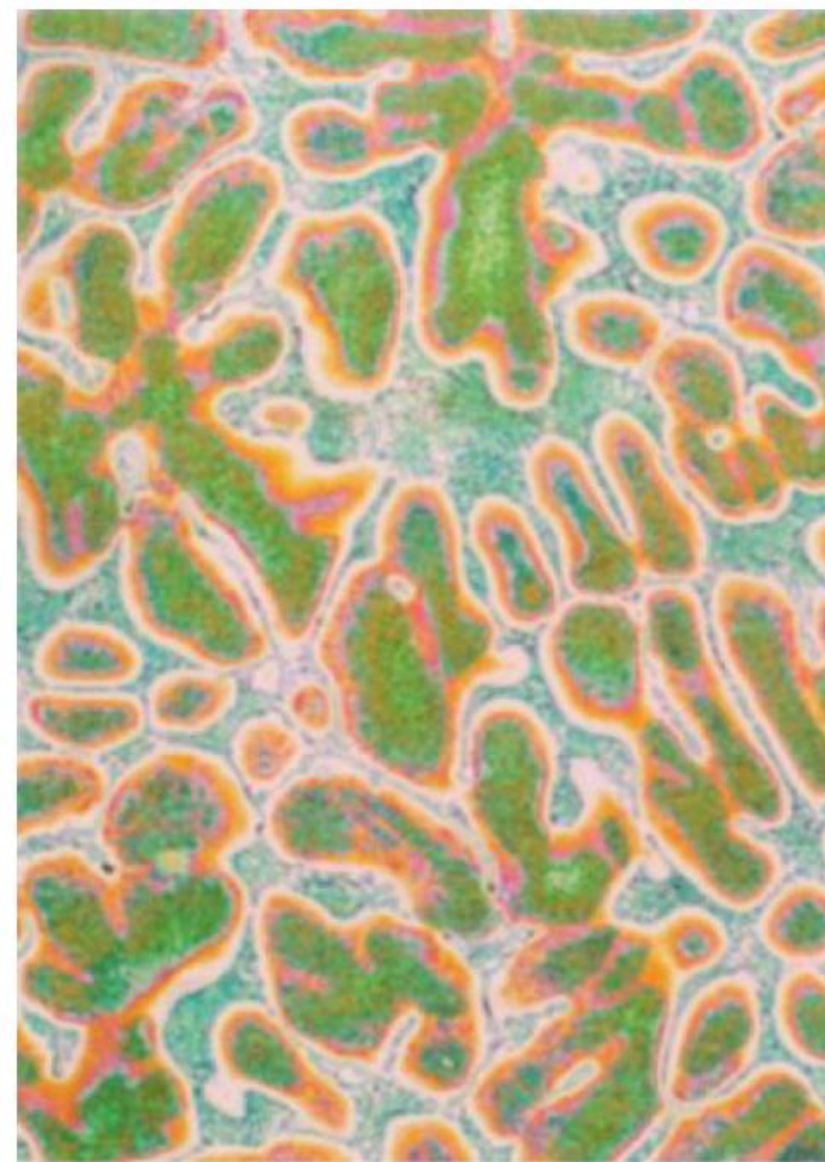


Fig. 37 Phase constituent identification in alloy 356.0 with reagent 13m (Table 4). Time of attack: 5 s. Orange-green fields are primary dendritic microsegregation regions with  $\alpha$ -Al (solid solution). Blue fields are interdendritic eutectic ( $\alpha$ -Al + Si). 800 $\times$ . Compare with Table 18. (Małgorzata Warmuzek, Foundry Research Institute, Kraków, Poland)

Magnification: 800 $\times$

Alloy: 356.00

Primary dendritic microsegregation: primary  $\alpha$ -Al, orange-green fields; interdendritic eutectic  $\alpha$ -Al + Si, blue fields

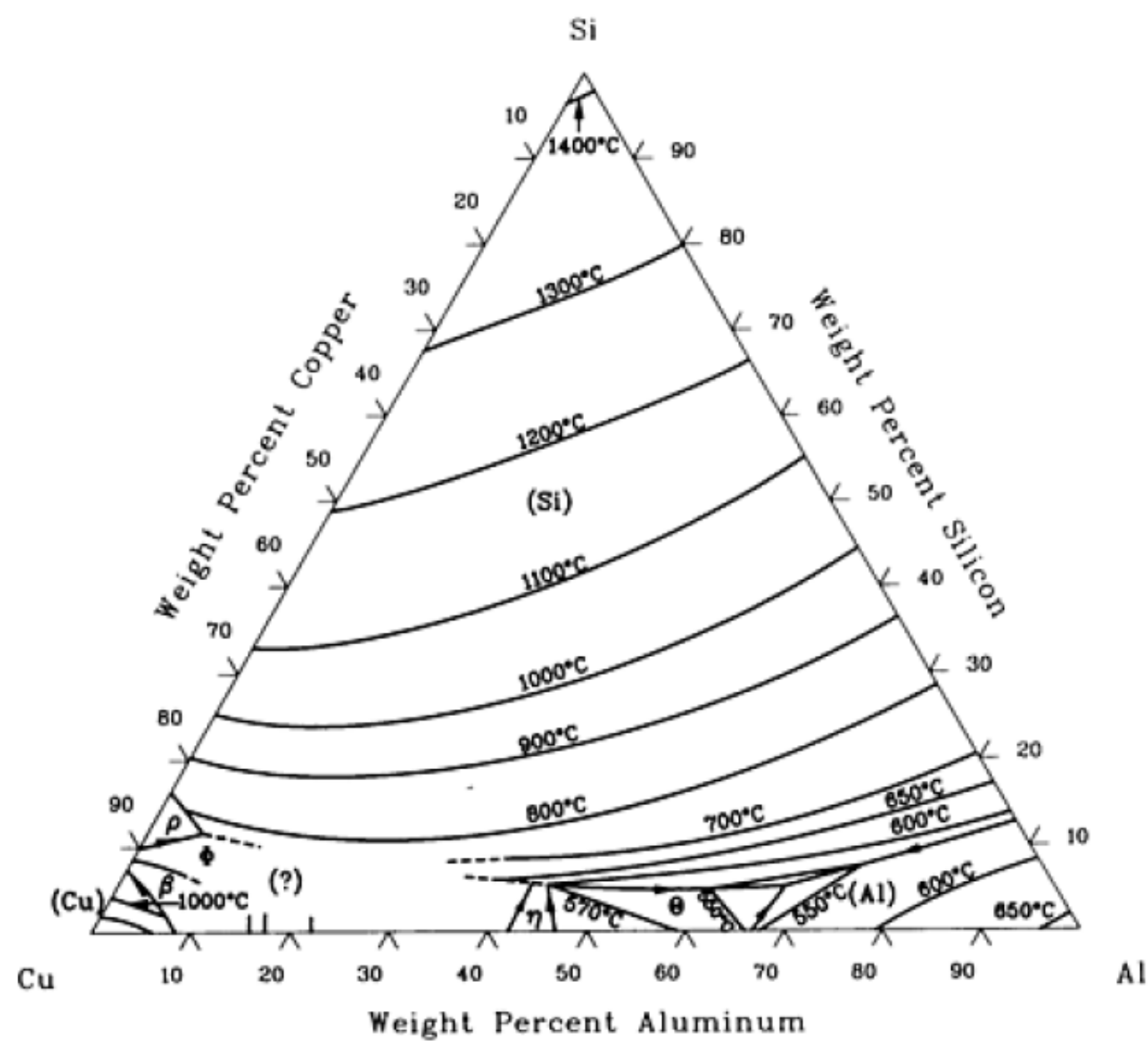
Time of attack: 5 s

# Al – Si – Mg 3XX.X 6XXX

Microstructure evolution of Al-Mg-Si alloys via salt bath.

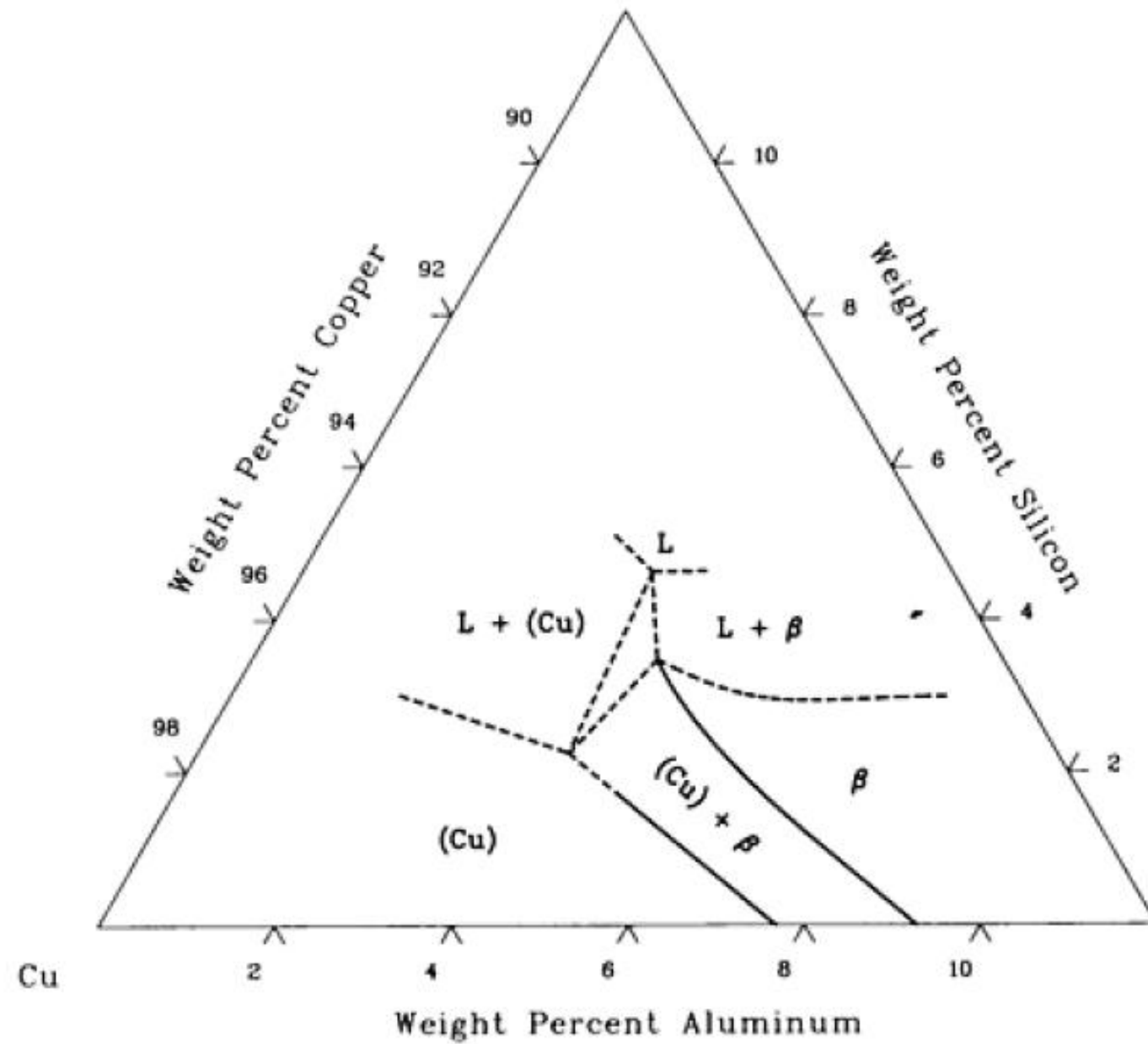
	As-extruded	SB1min	SB10min	SB30min
6061				
6061-Mn				
6066_3mm				
6066_9mm				
6069				
6069-rod center				
6069-rod outer				
6082				

# Al – Si – Cu 3XX.X



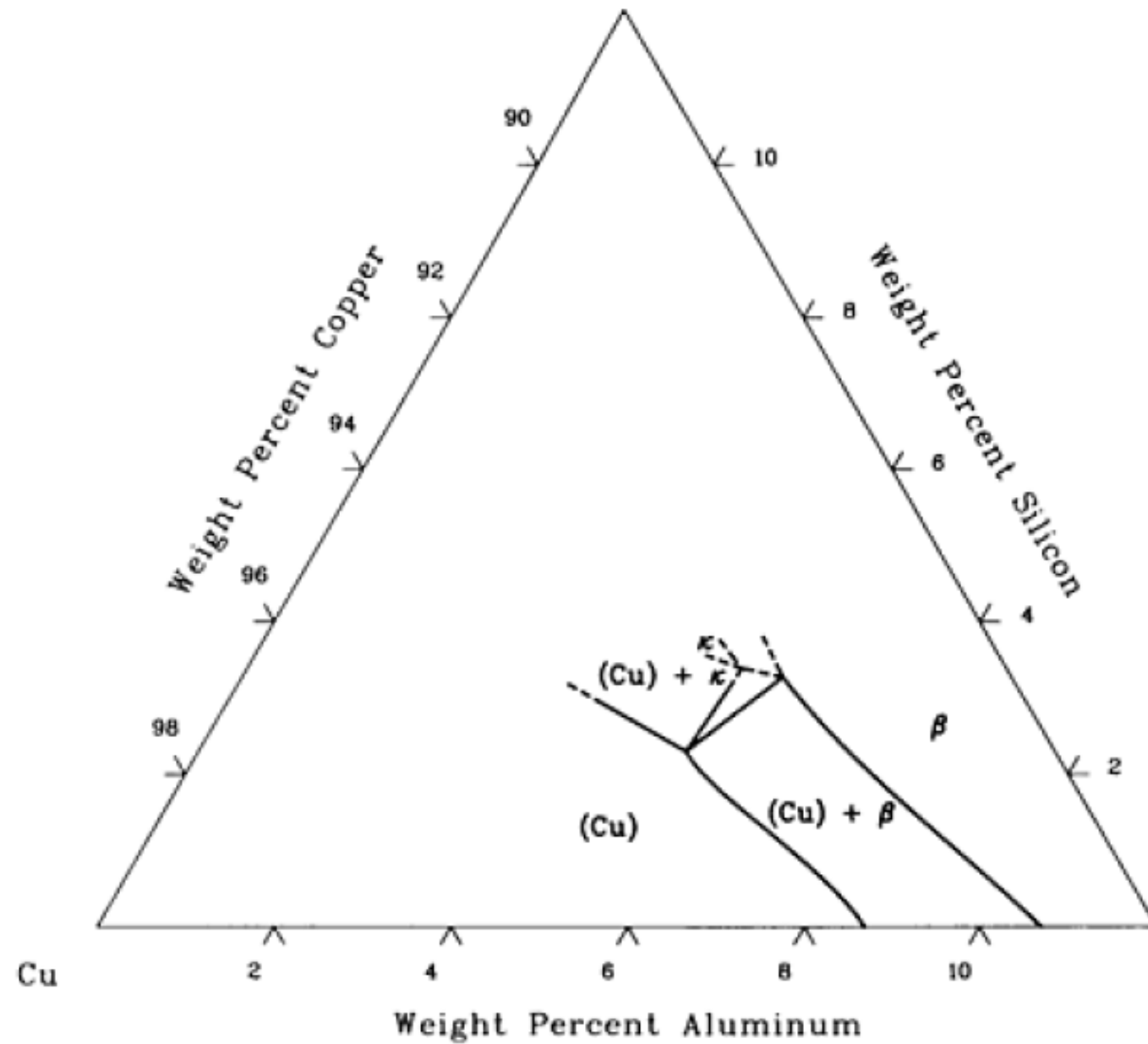
Al-Cu-Si liquidus projection [79Cha 38].

# Al – Si – Cu 3XX.X



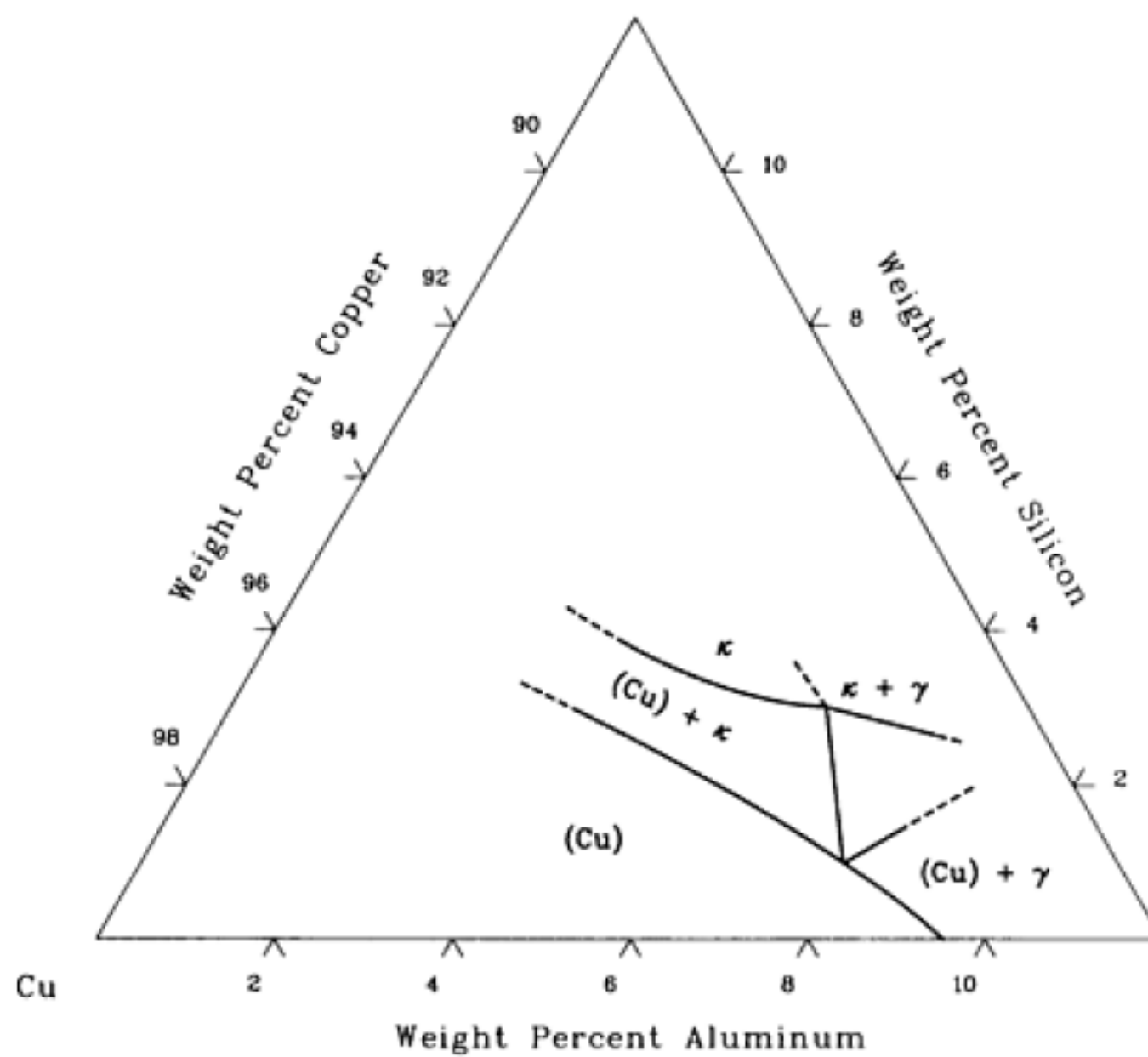
Al-Cu-Si isothermal section at 955 °C [48Wil 5].

# Al – Si – Cu 3XX.X



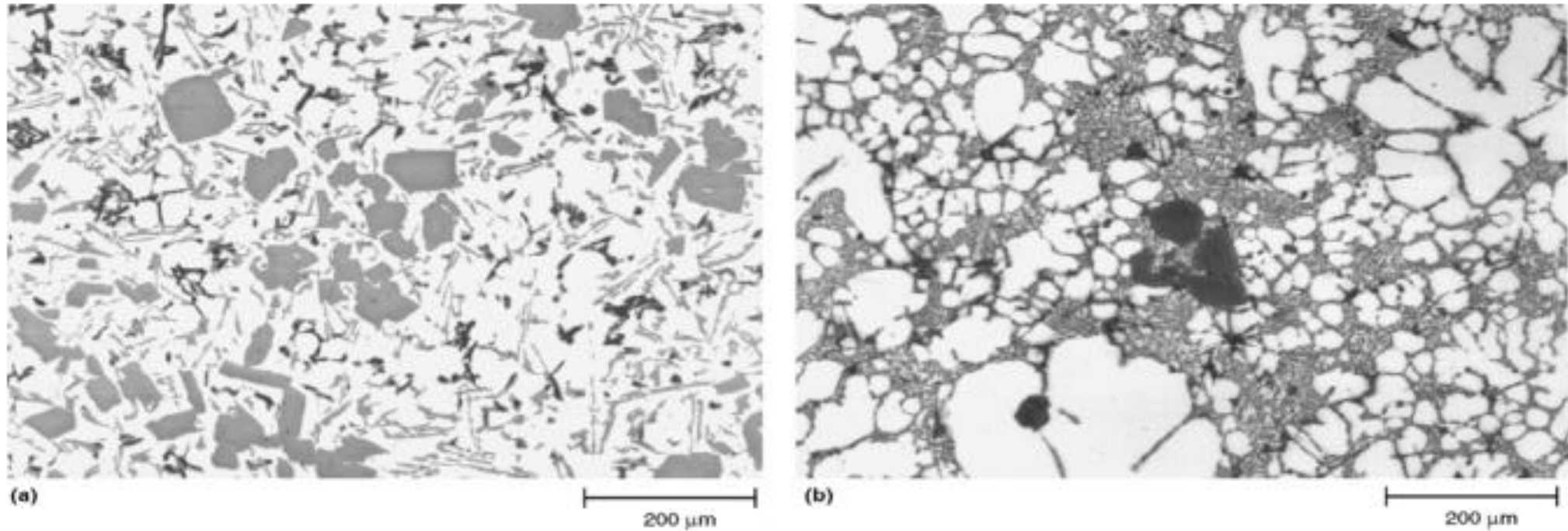
Al-Cu-Si isothermal section at 750 °C [48Wil 5].

# Al – Si – Cu 3XX.X



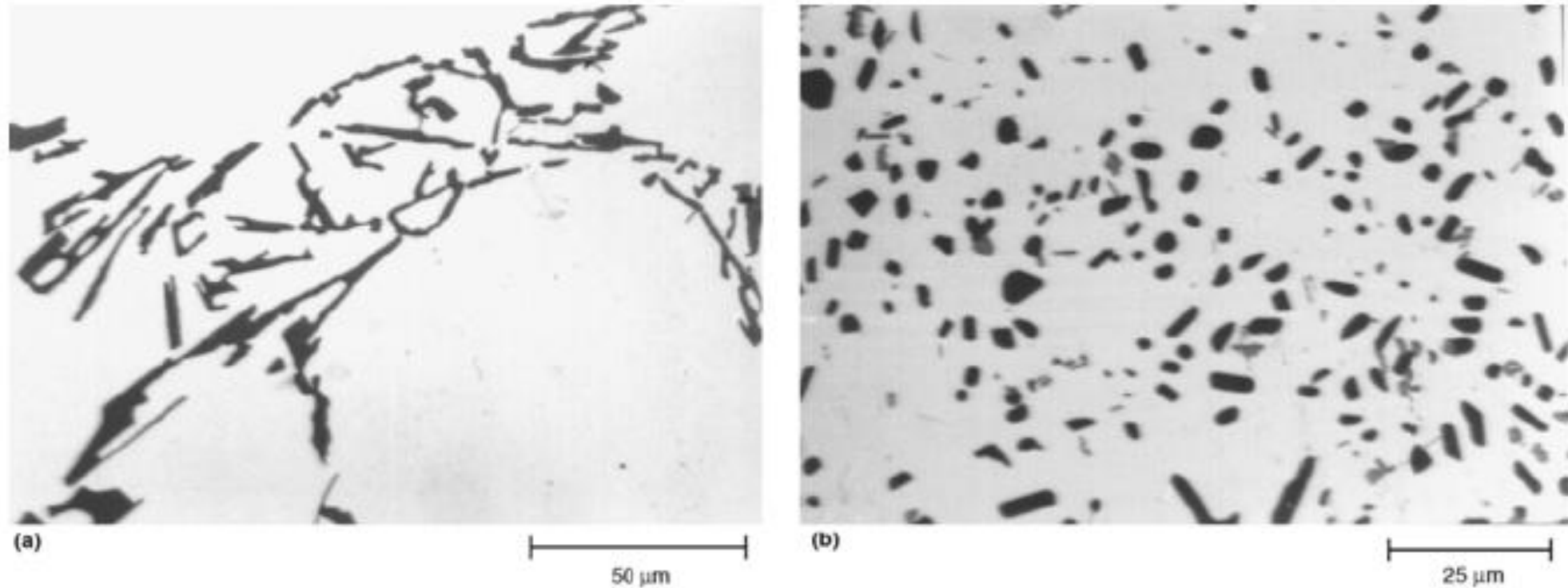
Al-Cu-Si isothermal section at 400 °C [48Wil 5].

# Al – Si – Cu 3XX.X



**Fig. 9 Dispersed phase and networklike morphology of second-phase structure in two hypereutectic alloys. (a) As-cast 390 alloy with primary precipitates of silicon (light gray). (b) As-cast 384.0 alloy with primary precipitates of Al-Fe-Si. Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4) and magnified by 100×**

# Al – Si – Cu 3XX.X



**Fig. 11** Effect of heat treatment on phase morphology in a hypoeutectic alloy (alloy 355). (a) As-cast structure (at 500× magnification) with a continuous network of interdendritic precipitates of eutectic silicon. (b) Heat treated condition (T6) of same alloy with globular eutectic silicon precipitates shown at 750×. Both etched with 0.5% HF (5m in Table 4)

# Al – Li

## 9XX.X

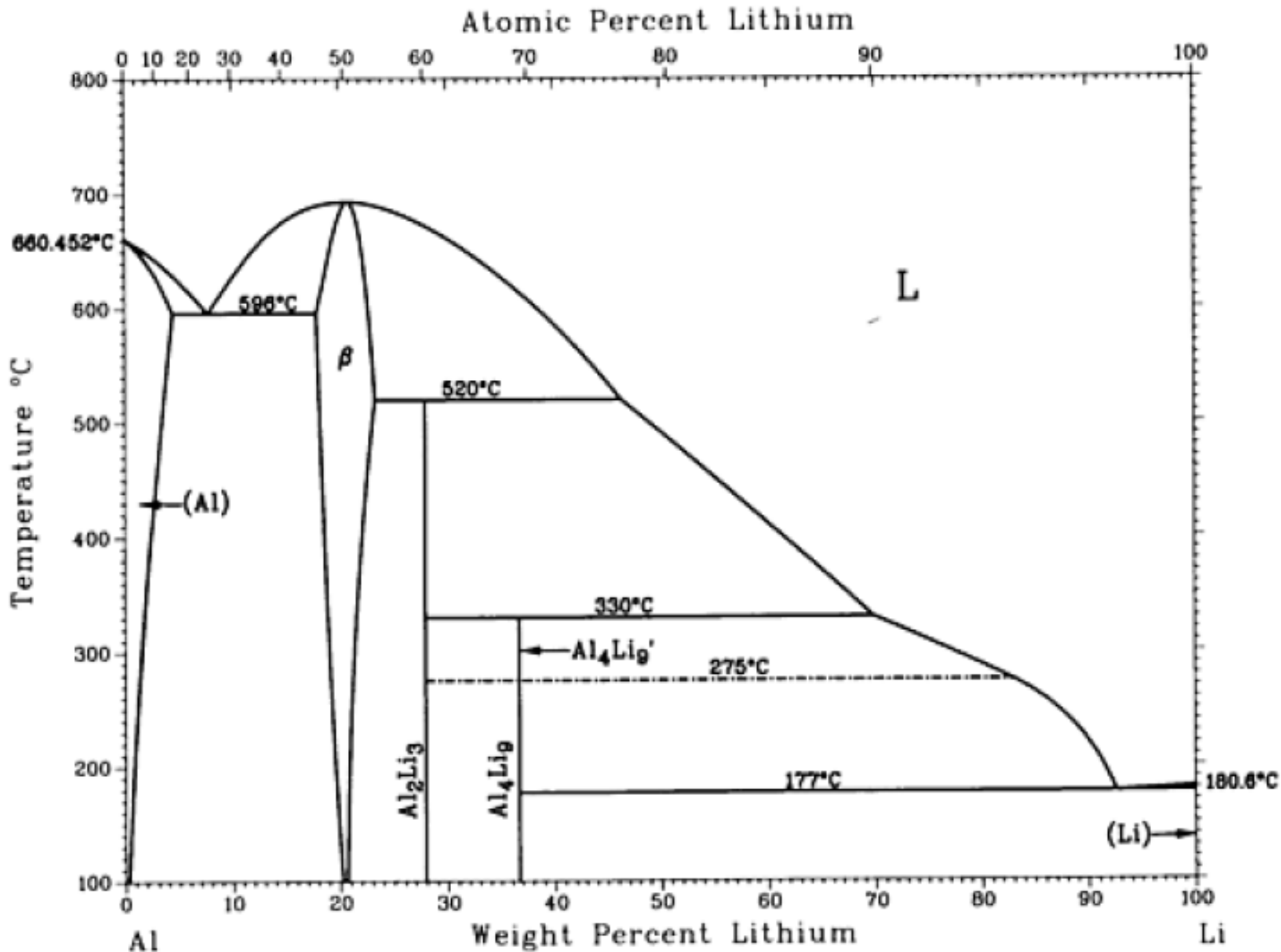
## 8XXX

Al-Li crystallographic data

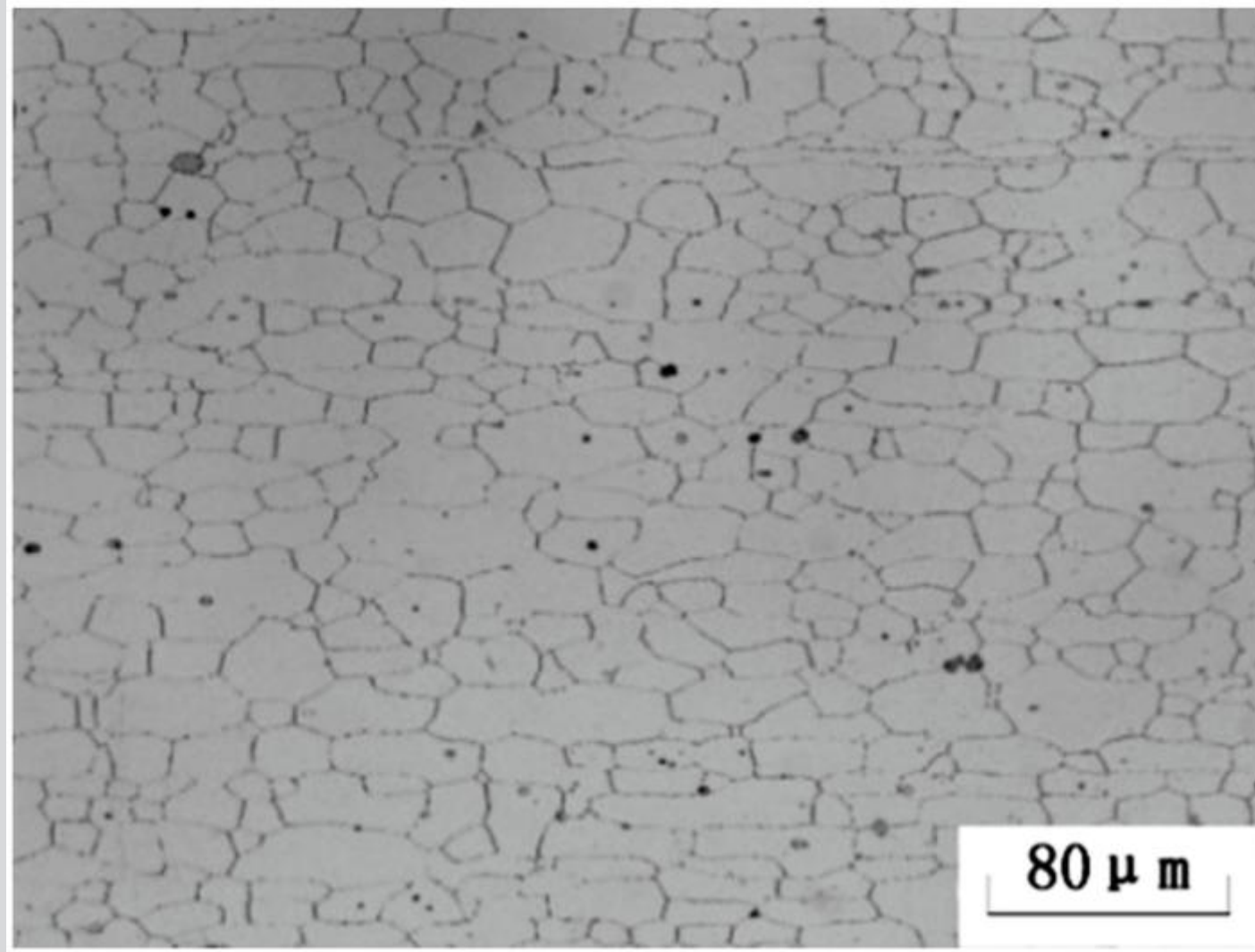
Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\beta$	17 to 24	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

$\text{Al}_2\text{Li}_3$	28 to 29	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\text{Al}_4\text{Li}_9$	36.6	<i>mC26</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
$\text{Al}_4\text{Li}_9'$	36.6	...	...
( $\beta$ Li)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
( $\alpha$ Li)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Metastable phases			
$\text{Al}_3\text{Li}$	...	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$



Al – Li  
9XX.X  
8XXX



Microstructure of 1420 Al-Li alloy.