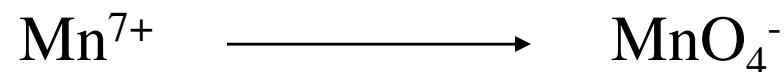
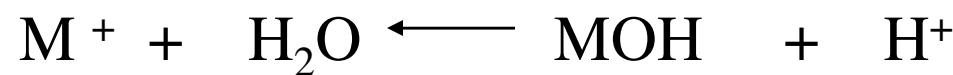
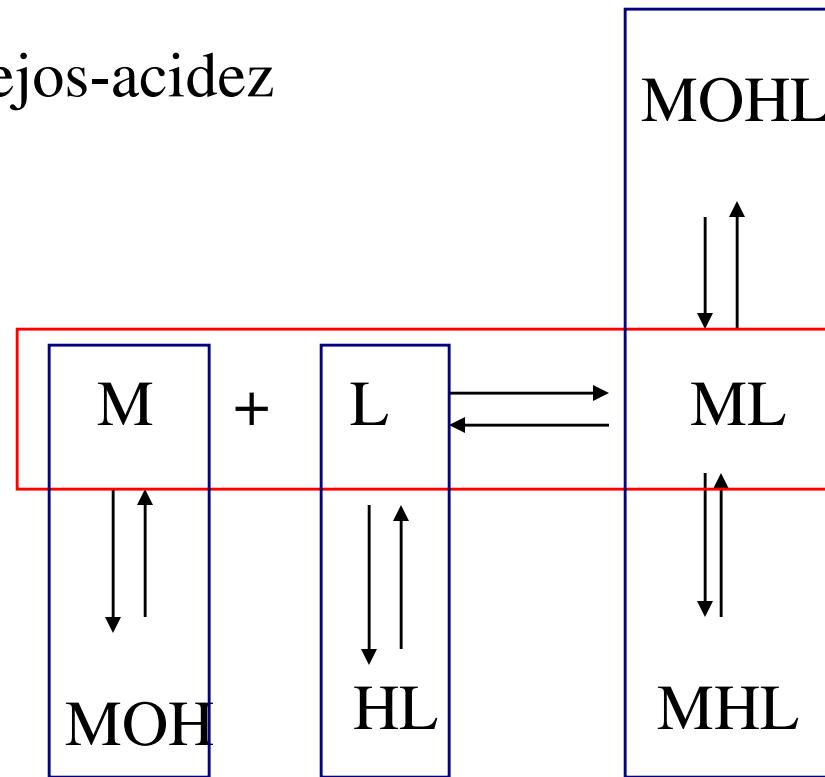


Complejos-acidez



Analisis cualitat.
Inorganico.

Fisiologia

Mineralogia

Productos naturales

Quimica preparati.
Pu. U
metaloenzimas

¿cómo se altera el porcentaje complejo formado con el pH?

$$(M)' + (L)' = (ML)'$$

$$(M)' = (M) + (MOH)$$

$$(L)' = (L) + (HL)$$

$$(ML)' = (ML) + (MOHL) + (MHL)$$

$$(M)' = (M) + K_{MOH}(M)(OH) = (M) \underbrace{[1 + K_{MOH}(OH)]}_{\alpha_{M(OH)}}$$

$$(L)' = (L) + K_{HL}(L)(H) = (L) \underbrace{[1 + K_{HL}(H)]}_{\alpha_{L(H)}}$$

FQ UNAM Alejandro Baeza

$$(ML)' = (ML) + K_{MOHL}(ML)(OH) + K_{MHL}(ML)(H) = (ML)[1 + K_{HML}(H) + K_{MOHL}(OH)]$$

$$\alpha_{ML(OH,H)}$$

$$ML = M + L$$

$$pL = pKd + \log[(M)/(ML)] = -\log(L)$$

$$-\log[(L)'/\alpha_{L(H)}] = pKd + \log[\alpha_{ML(OH)}/\alpha_{M(OH)}] + \log[(M)'/(ML)']$$

En función de sendas expresiones de alfa

$$pL' = pKd + \log[\alpha_{ML(OH)}/\alpha_{L(H)} \alpha_{M(OH)}] + \log[(M)'/(ML)']$$