

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 6.6  
Revision Date 09/06/2022  
Print Date 11/24/2023**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifiers**

Product name : Copper(II) acetate

Product Number : 326755  
Brand : Aldrich  
CAS-No. : 142-71-2**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**Company : Sigma-Aldrich Quimica S de RL de CV  
Parque Industrial Toluca 2000  
Calle 6 Norte No. 107  
50200 TOLUCA  
MEXICOTelephone : +52 (0)1 800 007 5300  
Fax : +52 (0)1 800 712 9920**1.4 Emergency telephone**Emergency Phone # : 800-00-214-00 (SETIQ)  
800-681-9531 (CHEMTREC)  
(55) 55-59-15-88**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)**Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302  
Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314  
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318  
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H400  
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 2), H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

Aldrich - 326755

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Hazard statement(s)	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement(s)	
P260	Do not breathe dust.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 + P310	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P391	Collect spillage.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms	: Cupric acetate
Formula	: C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> CuO <sub>4</sub> C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> CuO <sub>4</sub> C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> CuO <sub>4</sub> C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> CuO <sub>4</sub>
Molecular weight	: 181.63 g/mol
CAS-No.	: 142-71-2
EC-No.	: 205-553-3

Component	Classification	Concentration
<b>copper(II) acetate</b>	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 2; H302, H314, H318, H400, H411	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Copper oxides

Combustible.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### 5.4 Further information

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

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**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up dry. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

For precautions see section 2.2.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities****Storage conditions**

Tightly closed. Dry.

Store under inert gas. Moisture sensitive.

**Storage class**

Storage class (TRGS 510): 8B: Non-combustible, corrosive hazardous materials

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1 Control parameters****Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
copper(II) acetate	142-71-2	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

**8.2 Exposure controls****Appropriate engineering controls**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

## Personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

### Body Protection

protective clothing

### Respiratory protection

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- |                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| a) Appearance     | Form: Crystalline powder<br>Color: dark green, transparent |
| b) Odor           | odorless   |
| c) Odor Threshold | Not applicable   |
| d) pH             | 5.2 - 5.5 at 20 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F)                       |

e) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point: 273 °C (523 °F) - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.1 - Decomposes before melting.
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	(decomposition)
g) Flash point	( )does not flash
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable. - Flammability (solids)
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k) Vapor pressure	No data available
l) Vapor density	No data available
m) Density	1.88 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative density	1.9221.9 °C - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.3
n) Water solubility	76.3 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.6 - completely soluble
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable for inorganic substances
p) Autoignition temperature	239 °C (462 °F) - Relative self-ignition temperature for solids
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	none

## 9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension 72 mN/m at 1.08g/l at 21.2 °C (70.2 °F) - Surface tension

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture.  
no information available

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 420)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar compounds)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper di(acetate)

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory system.

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper di(acetate)

No data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - In vitro study

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h

(OECD Test Guideline 431)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper di(acetate)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye damage. - 21 d

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper di(acetate)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximization Test - Guinea pig

Does not cause skin sensitization.

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper di(acetate)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat

Cell type: Liver cells

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

### **Carcinogenicity**

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

## **11.2 Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Inhalation - 28 Days

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: copper(I) oxide

RTECS: AG3480000

Symptoms of systemic copper poisoning may include: capillary damage, headache, cold sweat, weak pulse, and kidney and liver damage, central nervous system excitation followed by depression, jaundice, convulsions, paralysis, and coma. Death may occur from shock or renal failure. Chronic copper poisoning is typified by hepatic cirrhosis, brain damage and demyelination, kidney defects, and copper deposition in the cornea as exemplified by humans with Wilson's disease. It has also been reported that copper poisoning has lead to hemolytic anemia and accelerates arteriosclerosis., Gastrointestinal disturbance, Blood disorders

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish	flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0.39 mg/l - 96 h (US-EPA) Remarks: (in analogy to similar products) The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper(II) sulfate hydrate
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## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### DOT (US)

UN number: 1759 Class: 8 Packing group: II  
Proper shipping name: Corrosive solids, n.o.s.  
Reportable Quantity (RQ): 100 lbs  
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

### IMDG

UN number: 1759 Class: 8 Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-B  
Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (copper(II) acetate)  
Marine pollutant : yes

### IATA

UN number: 1759 Class: 8 Packing group: II  
Proper shipping name: Corrosive solid, n.o.s. (copper(II) acetate)

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### SARA 302 Components

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

### SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

copper(II) acetate

CAS-No.  
142-71-2

Revision Date  
1993-02-16

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

**Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

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**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See [www.sigma-aldrich.com](http://www.sigma-aldrich.com) and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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