
Capacidad amortiguadora de los sistemas nivelados $H^+/H_2O/OH^-$

$$\left[H^+ \right] = C_A$$

$$\frac{d \left[H^+ \right]}{C_A} = 1$$

$$\left[H^+ \right] = 10^{-pH}$$

$$\frac{dpH}{d \left[H^+ \right]} = (10^{-pH}) - 2.3$$

$$-\frac{dC_A}{dpH} = \left[\frac{dC_A}{d \left[H^+ \right]} \right] \left[\frac{d \left[H^+ \right]}{dpH} \right] = -2.3 \left[H^+ \right]$$

$$\frac{dC_A}{dpH} = \beta = 2.3 \left[H^+ \right]$$

$$K_w = \left[H^+ \right] \left[OH^- \right]$$

$$\left[H^+ \right] = \frac{K_w}{\left[OH^- \right]} = \frac{K_w}{C_B}$$

$$\log \left[H^+ \right] = -14 - \log C_B$$

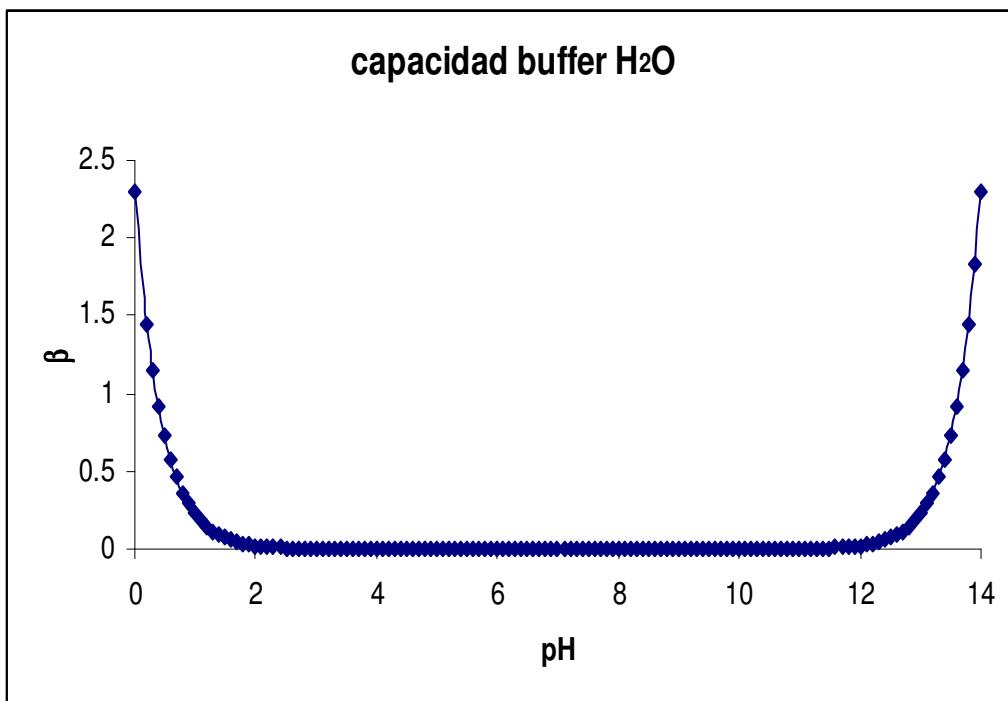
$$-\log \left[H^- \right] = pH = 14 + \log C_B$$

$$\frac{dpH}{dC_B} = \frac{0.43}{C_B}$$

$$\frac{dC_B}{dpH} = \beta = 2.3 C_B = 2.3 \left[OH^- \right]$$

$$\beta = 2.3 \left(\left[H^+ \right] + \left[OH^- \right] \right)$$

$$\beta = 2.3 \left(10^{-pH} + 10^{-14+pH} \right)$$



Capacidad amortiguadora de los sistemas no-nivelados HA/A⁻

$$Ka = \frac{[H^+][A^-]}{[HA]}$$

$$Ka = \frac{[H^+]C_B}{Co - C_B}$$

$$Ka(Co - C_B) = [H^+]C_B$$

$$KaCo - KaC_B = [H^+]C_B$$

$$[H^+]C_B + KaC_B = C_B(Ka + [H^+]) = KaCo$$

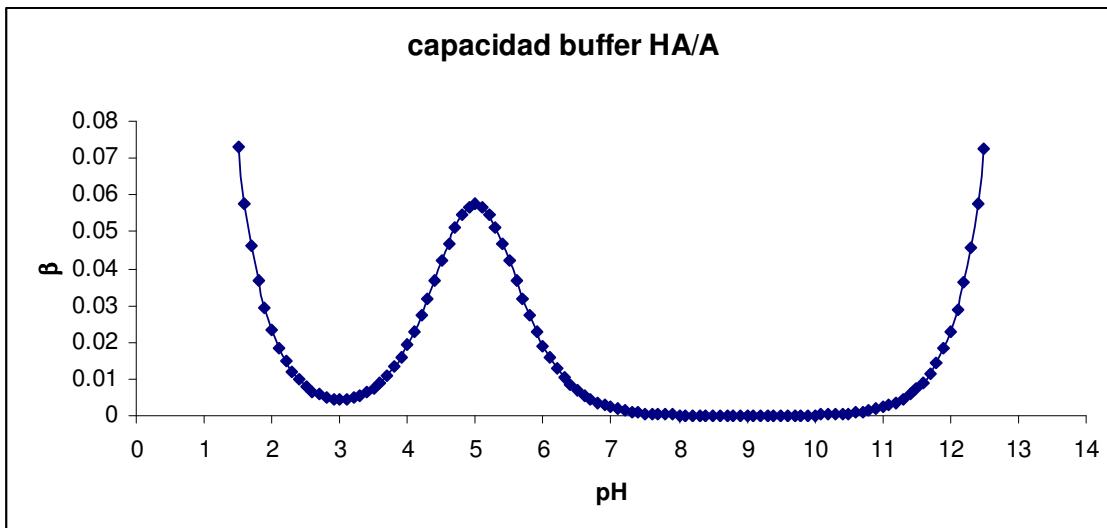
$$C_B = \frac{KaCo}{(Ka + [H^+])}$$

$$\frac{dC_B}{d[H^+]} = -\frac{KaCo}{(Ka + [H^+])^2}$$

$$\frac{dC_B}{dpH} = \beta = \left(\frac{dC_B}{d[H^+]} \right) \left(\frac{d[H^+]}{dpH} \right) = \left(\frac{-KaCo}{(Ka + [H^+])^2} \right) (-2.3[H^+])$$

$$\frac{dC_B}{dpH} = \beta = \frac{2.3KaCo[H^+]}{(Ka + [H^+])^2}$$

$$\frac{dC_B}{dpH} = \beta = 2.3 \left[[H^+] + \frac{KaCo[H^+]}{(Ka + [H^+])^2} + [OH^-] \right]$$

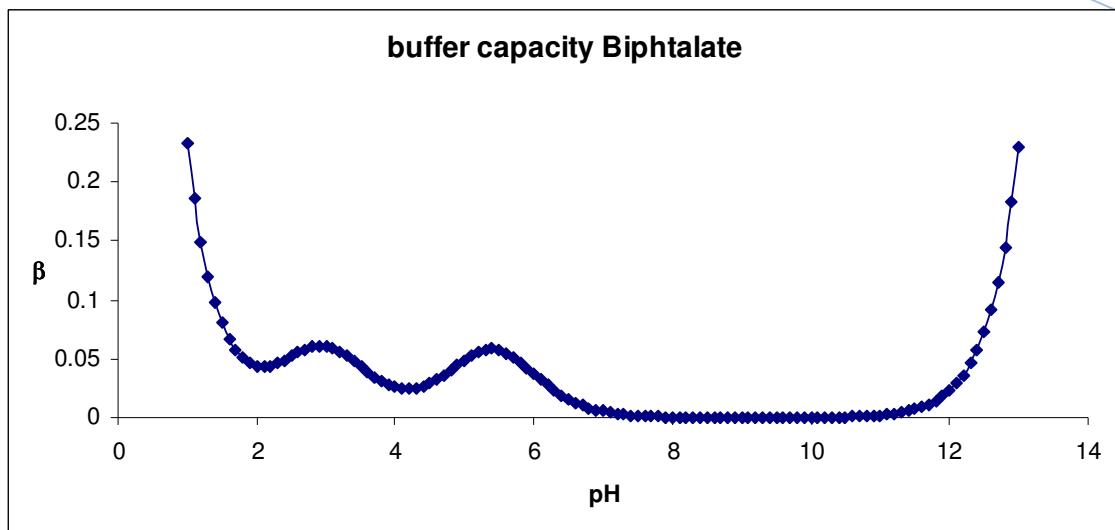


Capacidad amortiguadora de los sistemas nivelados polipróticos: H_nA:

$$\frac{dC_B}{dpH} = \beta = 2.3 \left([H^+] + \sum_{i=1}^{n-2} \frac{Ka_i Co[H^+]}{(Ka_i + [H^+])^2} + [OH^-] \right)$$

Caso del biftalato de potasio:

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{\delta(n_{agr}/Vo)}{\delta pH} \right) &= \beta = 2.3 Co \sum_{i=1}^{n-2} \frac{Ka_i [10^{-pH}]}{[Ka_i + 10^{-pH}]^2} \\ \beta &= 2.3(0.2M) \left[\left[\frac{10^{-6.4-pH}}{[10^{-6.4} + 10^{-pH}]^2} + \frac{10^{-10.3-pH}}{[10^{-10.3} + 10^{-pH}]^2} \right] + [10^{-pH}] + [10^{-14+pH}] \right] \end{aligned}$$



Capacidad amortiguadora del $\text{Pb}^{2+}/\text{Pb(OH)}_{2\downarrow}$

$$Ka = \frac{[H^+]^2}{[Pb^{2+}]} = 10^{-13}$$

$$Ka = \frac{[H^+]^2}{Co - \frac{1}{2}C_B} = \frac{[H^+]^2}{Co - 0.5C_B}$$

$$KaCo - 0.5KaC_B = [H^+]^2$$

$$KaCo - [H^+]^2 = 0.5KaC_B$$

$$C_B = \frac{KaCo - [H^+]^2}{0.5Ka}$$

$$\left(\frac{dC_B}{d[H^+]} \right) = \beta = \frac{9.2[H^+]^2}{Ka}$$

